**Verizon**

**OpenOMCI Specification**

Version 1.00

**June 30, 2017**

Executive Summary

The Optical Network Terminal (ONT) Management and Control Interface (OMCI) has been the preferred method of Passive Optical Network (PON) management since the earliest deployed PON systems. In 2010, the ITU-T replaced the B-PON and G-PON specific OMCI specifications (G.983.2 and G.984.4, respectively) with a unified ITU-T Recommendation G.988, which is applicable to the existing PON systems and is designed to be extensible in principle to the new PON systems.

The ITU-T Recommendation G.988 specifies the managed entities of a protocol-independent management information base (MIB) that models the exchange of information between OLT and ONT in a PON-based access network. It also addresses the ONT management and control channel (OMCC) setup, protocol and message formats. Still G.988 by itself is not sufficient for successful interoperability between OLT and ONT vendors. Traditionally applied in a single vendor environment, G.988 defines a number of options that are left for vendor preference and allows substantial vendor freedom in specifying proprietary managed entities, attributes and methods within what has been known as “vendor-specific” code point space. It also leaves out the specification of high-scale sequencing of action in provisioning of complex services. These traits effectively encourage single-vendor non-interoperable environments.

In the G-PON context, some fundamental OMCI interoperability work was performed by the FSAN’s OMCI interoperability study group (OISG, has been defunct for several years). This work resulted in an OMCI Implementers’ Guide, presently incorporated into G.988 as informative Appendices I and II. In addition, FSAN and the Broadband Forum (BBF) have established the G-PON interoperability testing program (based on TR-255, G-PON Interoperability Test plan) that is centered on a subset of L2 services, as specified in BBF’s TR-156. Within that service scope the TR-255 testing has allowed to demonstrate interoperability between selected vendors, achieved through modification and adaptation of the existing systems by means of vendor-specific MIB and code extensions.

As far as the NG-PON2 context is concerned, to date the ITU-T Recommendation G.988 has not been adapted to accommodate the multichannel PON systems, represented by NG-PON2, and has not been extended to fully address the features and requirements of the NG-PON2 specifications, G.989.2 (Physical medium dependent layer) and G.989.3 (Transmission convergence layer). Consequently, no industry-wide NG-PON2 interoperability testing documents and programs exist so far.

While approaching the commercial NG-PON2 deployment, Verizon’s plan is to change the traditional approach to interoperability as an added feature achievable among the limited set of selected vendors. Instead Verizon has positioned OLT and ONT interoperability as a fundamental mandatory requirement from the very first day of system deployment, which reduces cost by opening the door for the third party ONT vendors to bid on network contracts with Verizon, as well as facilitate smaller volume ONT to be manufactured by one vendor. As a basis for the third party entry, Verizon has developed the OpenOMCI specification that provides the formal framework for interoperability between NG-PON2 OLT and ONT in Verizon network. In a parallel effort aimed at encompassing all aspects of interoperability, Verizon has spearheaded the development of the NG-PON2 TC layer interoperability test plan, and is currently leading the development of the Inter-Channel-Termination protocol (ICTP) specification that governs the interactions between the OLT channel terminations (CTs) within a single NG-PON2 system.

The Verizon OpenOMCI specification is an integral part of the Verizon ONT specification dealing specifically with the ONU Management and Control Interface (OMCI) aspects of the interaction between an OLT and an ONT in the Verizon network.

Verizon OpenOMCI specification:

* is based on the current version of the ITU-T Recommendation G.988, that is, the base version (10/2012) with Amendments 1 (05/2014) and 2 (06/2016), including the best practice Appendices I and II, otherwise known as the OMCI Implementers’ Guide;
* makes necessary extensions to support NG-PON2 multi-wavelength channel architecture and the new features introduced by the NG-PON2 PMD and TC layer specifications, G.989.2 and G.989.3;
* defines the managed entities (MEs), the ME properties (i.e., attributes, attribute values, actions, notifications) and, where necessary, ME relationship diagrams and message sequences related to NG-PON2 OMCI to ensure OMCI interoperability between different vendor’s ONTs and OLTs;
* addresses the OMCC channel establishment and the ONT’s OMCI MIB management and provisioning for support of Verizon-specific services;
* disallows the use of vendor-proprietary OMCI objects, thus eliminating the need for vendor-specific OMCI extensions;
* allows the use of the OMCI managed entities (MEs) and other objects in the respective vendor-specific code point spaces, provided such MEs and objects are exhaustively specified, including all pertinent semantics, methods, relationship diagrams, and message sequences;
* is designed to be future proof in order to reduce the changes on the Verizon OpenOMCI specifications as new ONT models, services, and features are added.

The Verizon OpenOMCI specification addresses the Verizon interoperability need for the approaching NG-PON2 deployment and is laying the foundation for possible industry-wide best-practice standardization in the future. However, for the Verizon vendors, the compliance with Verizon OpenOMCI is an unconditional requirement which is not contingent upon level of formal standardization.

Revision History

| Version | Date | ITU-T Recommendation base |
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| 1.0 | 20170630 | [G.988 (10/2012)](http://www.itu.int/itu-t/recommendations/rec.aspx?rec=11784&lang=en)  [G.988 (2012) Amd. 1 (05/2014)](http://www.itu.int/itu-t/recommendations/rec.aspx?rec=12185&lang=en)  [G.988 (2012) Amd. 2 (06/2016)](http://www.itu.int/itu-t/recommendations/rec.aspx?rec=12795&lang=en) |
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# Introduction

This section covers the scope, purpose, and overall organization of this document.

## Scope

The Verizon OpenOMCI specification is an integral part of the Verizon ONT specification dealing specifically with the ONU Management and Control Interface (OMCI) aspects of the interaction between an OLT and an ONT in the Verizon network. It addresses the OMCC channel establishment and the ONT’s OMCI MIB management and provisioning for support of Verizon-specific services.

The Verizon OpenOMCI specification is intended to define the managed entities (MEs), the ME properties (i.e., attributes, attribute values, actions, notifications) and, where necessary, ME relationship diagrams and message sequences related to NG-PON2 OMCI to ensure OMCI interoperability between different vendor’s ONTs and OLTs.

While technically a part of the Verizon ONT specification, Verizon OpenOMCI imposes requirements and constraints on both ONT and OLT implementations.

Verizon OpenOMCI specification is based on the current version of the ITU-T Recommendation G.988, that is, the base version (10/2012) with Amendments 1 (05/2014) and 2 (06/2016), including the best practice Appendices thereof, otherwise known as the OMCI Implementers’ Guide. Governed by the objective of achieving interoperability while meeting the Verizon NG-PON2 system requirements, Verizon OpenOMCI extends the existing G.988 MEs with the new MEs that:

* allow to model a multi-wavelength PON ONU in general;
* support the G.989.3-specified OMCI-based functions (CPI management, wavelength management and protection, enhanced performance monitoring),
* close several requirement gaps associated with SIP-based VoIP and multicast operation support.

For the NGPON2 equipment deployed in the Verizon network, the compliance with Verizon OpenOMCI specification is required.

While this document does address the configuration and status monitoring of the PON devices with dual management domains, the details of a non-OMCI management path in such devices are out of scope.

## Purpose

The Verizon OpenOMCI specification along with Verizon ONT network element requirements specification are intended for open publication, thus allowing multiple third party ONT vendors to develop compliant and interoperable products that can be deployed in Verizon network which would lead to reducing the cost and operational expenses for Verizon.

## Document organization

This document is structured as follows.

Section 2 discusses the general principles and “big rules” of OpenOMCI inter­operability.

Section 3 is concerned with the aspects of general ONT architecture, ONT activation and OMCC channel setup in the context of the TC layer parameters, and overall traffic management structure.

Section 4 addresses the OMCI provisioning of individual service types.

Section 5 discusses the guiding principles of G.988 adaptation to OpenOMCI and provides necessary clarifications, disambiguation, and additional value constraints..

Section 6 contains the specification of the new MEs introduced by the OpenOMCI specification.

Section 7 lists the modifications to the existing G.988 MEs.

Section 8 contains a list of all MEs, including those already standardized, modified, and newly proposed, categorizing their applicability to the Verizon OpenOMCI specification.

The detailed Verizon OpenOMCI MIB description spreadsheet is embedded in Appendix A.

# General principles of OMCI interoperability

## Development of Verizon OpenOMCI specification

The Verizon OpenOMCI specification has been developed by Verizon in cooperation with an ad hoc group of participating vendors with the immediate goal to address the interoperability needs of the NG-PON2 deployment and PON interoperability in general. The Verizon OpenOMCI specification is intellectual property of Verizon.

The stable version of the Verizon OpenOMCI specification is publicly available on Verizon website and can be copied and distributed by interested parties provided the source is unambiguously attributed and no modification is made to the text.

## Relationship with G.988

The Verizon OpenOMCI specification is based on ITU-T Recommendation G.988 along with all pertinent amendments, as indicated in the Introduction to this document. With respect to the standard MEs, attributes, actions, and notifications, the Verizon OpenOMCI specification may provide clarification and disambiguation.

For all specified MEs, the specification defines the creation method (automatic creation by the ONT, or controlled creation by the OLT instruction) specified in G.988.

For all specified attributes, actions, and notifications the ONT and OLT support the semantics details as specified in G.988, unless otherwise noted in the Verizon OpenOMCI specification.

The specification defines support all OMCI message types according to G.988.

The specification supports both the baseline OMCI message format and the extended OMCI message format.

While Verizon OpenOMCI specification allows the uses of the OMCI managed entities (MEs) in the vendor-specific ME class space, as long as the structure and functionality of such ME is disclosed, the use of the vendor-proprietary MEs is prohibited as such MEs preclude OLT/ONT interoperability.

## Future-proofing of Verizon OpenOMCI specification

Verizon OpenOMCI specification is intended to be future proof. This includes the following principles.

* An update to the Verizon OMCI Specification shall not require an update to already deployed ONTs and OLTs supporting the existing services.
* The specification shall be able to absorb new services and features without forcing an upgrade to already deployed ONTs.
* Any upgrade to the OLT OMCI implementation to provide support for future versions of Verizon OpenOMCI Specification shall be backward-compatible with the deployed ONT base.
* An OLT shall support ONTs on the same PON that have implemented different versions of the Verizon OpenOMCI specification.

## Version control and capability discovery

While the Verizon OpenOMCI specification provides means for version control, no changes to the specifications are expected once the stable version of the specification is locked. Should future standardization and/or service specification require an update to the Verizon OpenOMCI specification, the specification version is represented by a pair of integer values (R, V), where R is the major release, and V is the version within release. A higher version number within a release shall be backward compatible with all lower version numbers within the same release.

Upon ONT activation, the OLT and ONT negotiate and positively agree on the support of the Verizon OpenOMCI specification and a specific ONT type feature set, using the Verizon OpenOMCI ME, the support of which is mandatory if the equipment is being deployed in Verizon network.

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## Standardization of the Verizon OpenOMCI

The Verizon OpenOMCI specification addresses the Verizon interoperability need for the approaching NG-PON2 deployment and is laying the foundation for industry-wide best-practice standardization.

The present document provides tentative OMCI object ID designations in the vendor-specific number space. A companion mapping table provides the correspondence of the tentative object ID designations in the vendor-specific number space and the permanent object ID designations in the standard number space.

## The Verizon OpenOMCI specification compliance

For the NGPON2 equipment deployed in the Verizon network, the compliance with Verizon OpenOMCI specification is a requirement.

The Verizon OpenOMCI specification compliance requirements do not apply to the B-PON and G-PON deployments.

# ONT bring-up and general configuration

## OMCC establishment in the context of TC layer configuration

The TC layer configuration in a TWDM PON system includes the items specified in Table 12-5/G.989.3. These items are assigned to four parameter groups:

Group A:

* System profile parameters;
* Channel profile parameters;
* Burst profile parameters.

Group B:

* MSK & derived shared keys.

Group C:

* ONU-ID;
* Default Alloc-ID;
* Default XGEM Port-ID;
* Equalization delay.

Group D:

* Non-default Alloc-IDs;
* Protection PON-ID.

An ONU maintains its Channel Partition Index (CPI) as a read/write-accessible attribute of the OMCI MIB which, unlike other TC layer configuration parameters, survives ONU reactivation, warm and cold reboot, power cycle, and/or power loss.

An activating ONU (whether newly installed, undergoing reboot, or previously active entering a new activation cycle) starts in the state O1.1 (Off-Sync substate of the Initial state) with no TC layer configuration, by scanning the downstream tuning range in search of a valid downstream wavelength channel.

Except when newly installed, the activating ONU may optimize the downstream wavelength channel search by prioritizing the downstream wavelength channel used during the previous activation cycle, if reactivation has been caused by a PLOAM or OMCI command, or by deprioritizing that channel, if reactivation was associated with the timed-out LODS condition.

Once the downstream channel synchronization is acquired, the activating ONT transitions into state O1.2 (Profile Learning substate of the Initial state). It then autonomously learns the TC layer configuration parameters of Group A.

The activating ONU makes a decision that the downstream wavelength channel is “OK to work” and transitions to state O2-3 (Serial number state), if (1) its OMCI MIB has been initialized and populated; (2) the ONU’s CPI value is either set to default, or matches the CPI value reported by the Channel\_Profile PLOAM message for this TWDM channel; (3) the ONU’s own upstream optical link type and upstream line rate are supported according to corresponding bitmap parameters reported by the Channel\_Profile PLOAM message for this TWDM channel. If condition (1) above is not met, the ONU blocks the decision pending initialization and population of the OMCI MIB. If conditions (1) is met, but either condition (2) or condition (3) is violated, the ONU abandons the downstream wavelength channel and searches for an alternative downstream wavelength channel, returning to state O1.1.

The ONT authentication in the Verizon network is based on the Serial Number. Consequently, the ONT uses the default Registration ID, (0x00)36, for the MSK and dependent key derivation. The ONT computes the derived shared keys as soon as the context-binding component of the profile (PON-TAG) is learned.

The activating ONT obtains the TC layer configuration parameters of Group C from the OLT CT while in O2-3 and O4 states. The OLT CT communicates these parameters over the PLOAM channel after it is able to confirm the acquisition of both downstream and upstream wavelength channels by the ONT, regardless of availability of the service profile for the ONT.

The OLT CT communicates the ONU-ID explicitly in the Assign\_ONU-ID PLOAM message. The ONU uses the assigned ONU-ID value to set the default Alloc-ID and the default XGEM Port-ID. The default XGEM Port-ID is used exclusively for the OMCC traffic. The default Alloc-ID is used exclusively for the upstream transport of the OMCC and PLOAM traffic.

The OLT CT communicates the Equalization delay to the ONU in state O4 (Ranging state) explicitly in the directed Ranging\_Time PLOAM message. The assignment of ONT’s Equalization delay completes the OMCC channel setup from the ONT perspective. It also triggers ONU transition into state O5.1 (Associated substate of the Operating state).

If an ONT has activated with a discovering OLT CT that does not have the service profile for that ONU, it is the responsibility of the discovering OLT CT to initiate the ICTP exchange with the other OLT CTs of the NG-PON2 system and to hand over the ONU to the appropriate serving OLT CT.

The ONT obtains the TC layer configuration parameters of Group D from the serving OLT CT while in O5 state. The serving OLT CT communicates these parameters over the PLOAM channel only after and if the service profile for the ONT has been established.

The OLT CT should not attempt to associate the default Alloc-ID with any T-CONT ME. However, if the OLT CT does make such an attempt, the ONT shall accept it and follow the requirements of clause B.1/G.988.

## ONT’s OMCI capability discovery

The ONT supports the Verizon OpenOMCI ME in the vendor-specific ME class range. From the perspective of the present specification, this is a mandatory ME, the only instance of which is instantiated and populated autonomously by the ONT. The ONT declares the supported version of the OpenOMCI specification in the Supported Specification Version attribute, which refers to the version of the Verizon OpenOMCI specification, and its compliance with the Verizon OMCI MIB requirements for a specific ONT type in PON device type attribute, which represents a bitmap of distinct ONT types specified by Verizon.

The OLT CT discovers the OMCI capabilities of the ONT indirectly by reading the Specification Version and PON device type attributes of the Verizon OpenOMCI ME. The OLT then indicates the adherence to the OpenOMCI specification by writing the Specification Version in Use attribute of the Verizon OpenOMCI ME. Once OLT and ONT thus complete the negotiation, the ONT may fully utilize the features of the agreed version of the OpenOMCI specification, including the rejection of OLT’s attempts to access the ME and attributes beyond those specified by the agreed version of the specification for the agreed ONT type.

If the OLT does not access the Verizon OpenOMCI ME, or if it sets the value of the Specification Version in Use attribute to zero, the ONT should presume that Verizon OpenOMCI is not supported and employ the common G.988 set of the OMCI MEs, attributes, and features.

The ONT expects the OLT to re-negotiate the Verizon OpenOMCI support upon activation at the start of each power cycle and also after each MIB reset. This convention allows to gracefully handle not only a continuous operation on the PON, but also ONT transfer to a different PON. See sequence diagram of Figure 1.

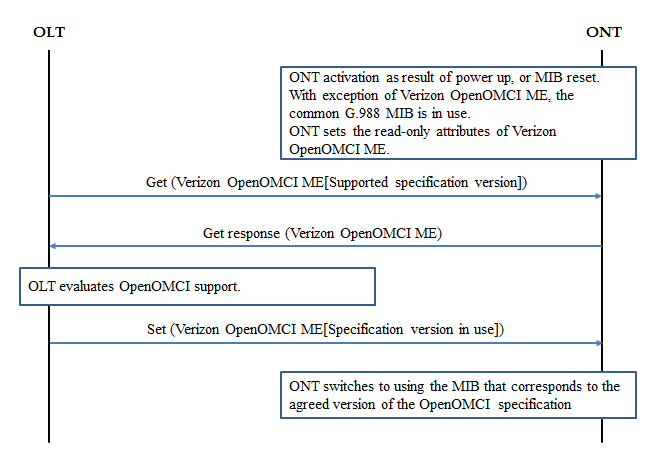


Figure 1 – OpenOMCI version negotiation

The OLT CT performs ONT MIB upload (note that Verizon OpenOMCI ME is included into the MIB upload), ONT MIB audit, and ONT MIB synchronization according to the best practices described in Appendix I/G.988.

## Core ONT equipment capabilities

Upon initial power up or other event requiring OMCI MIB initialization, the ONT autonomously creates the instances of the following MEs, according to its core equipment configuration, for all device types and supported interfaces/services.

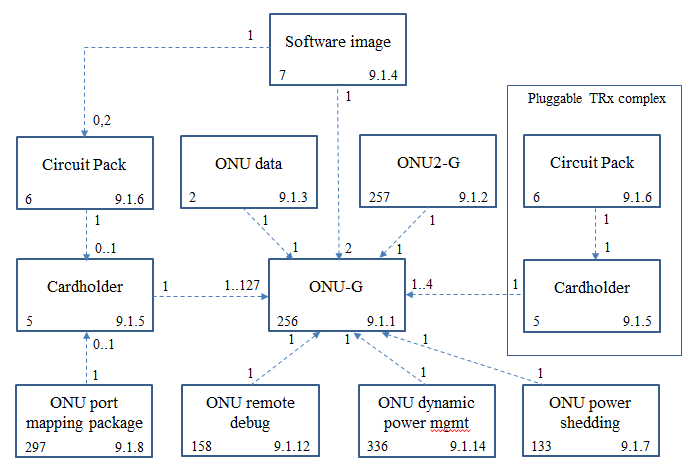


Figure 2 – ONT core model

The ONT follows the slot-port model of the equipment management, representing its hardware capabilities with a set of virtual Cardholders (5) ME. The virtual cardholders have the ME IDs of the form 0x01\*\*. The cardholder with ME ID = 0x0100 models the ONT itself. A Cardholder (5) ME is used to model a pluggable XFP transceiver. To support XFP inventory retrieval, such a Cardholder is implicitly associated with an instance of Flexible Status Configuration portal ME.

The ONT may utilize the ONU port mapping package (297) ME or additional virtual cardholders to represent its hardware capabilities.

To model an independently-managed software module, the ONT creates an instance of Cardholder (5) ME with an associated Circuit pack (6) and a pair of Software image (7) MEs. The ONT is not expected to instantiate Software image (7) ME for vendor-specific usage.

## Traffic management

### Default traffic management configuration

The ONT generally supports the traffic management functionality as specified in OMCI Implementer’s Guide, ITU-T Recommendation G.988, clauses II.3.2 and II.3.3.

The ONT supports flexible traffic management configuration, indicating so by setting the QoS configuration flexibility attribute of the ONU2-G (257) ME to TRUE. As a default, the ONT creates a flat (non-hierarchical) QoS configuration.

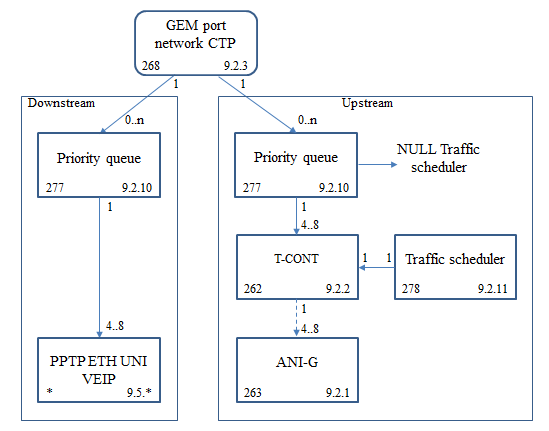


Figure 3 – Default traffic management configuration

In the upstream direction, the ONT instantiates an ANI-G (263) ME for each access network port in each instance of a cardholder (5) ME that has a populated circuit pack (that is, an installed pluggable optics module).Note that in most cases there will be a single ANI-G per cardholder, in which case the ANI-G’s ME ID is expected to be of the form 0xSS00, where 0xSS is the cardholder (5) ME’s Slot ID. Four, six or eight T-CONT (262) MEs are associated with ANI-G via the Slot ID, and 4 to 8 priority queue (277) MEs are associated with each T-CONT ME with the scheduling policy being strict priority by default (subject to change by the OLT at its discretion).

In the downstream direction, for each locally created instance of a PPTP-type ME or a Virtual Ethernet Interface Point (VEIP) (329) ME, the ONT instantiates 4 to 8 priority queues associated with that PPTP ME via a particular slot and port. The scheduling policy for these queues is fixed to strict priority (and cannot be changed by the OLT).

The default traffic management configuration is subject to modification by the OLT at its discretion. However, as clause II.3.3.2/G.988 implies, the OLT may re-arrange or simplify the traffic management configuration, using less than ONT’s full capabilities, but cannot make it more complex

With regard to a mandatory Alloc-ID attribute of a T-CONT (262) ME, it should be noted that the Alloc-ID assignment performed in the TC layer does not populate this attribute, but rather indicates that the ONT must respond to the grants provided to that Alloc-ID. The Alloc-ID attribute shall be populated explicitly via the OMCI message.

### Preferred traffic management configuration per ONT type

As special case of general traffic management, this section illustrates the preferred configurations for principal ONT types.

#### IBONT

For the IBONT type, Figure 4 presents the upstream traffic management architecture, followed by the OMCI relationship diagrams for the data path and the management path.

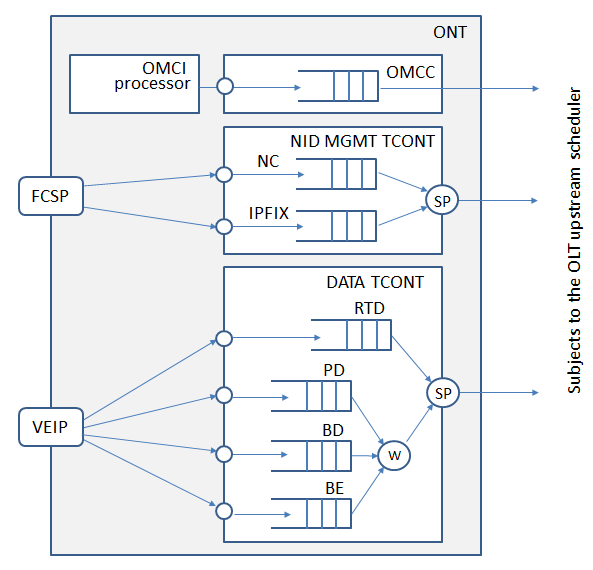


Figure 4 – IBONT traffic management

For the Data T-CONT, the number N of classes of services needs to be scalable beyond N = 4. The parameters of the traffic descriptor are derived from the traffic parameters of the provisioned EVCs. The weights of the weighted scheduler are provided by the OSS and set independently of the specific traffic parameters. For the NID management T-CONT, the parameters of the traffic descriptor are common across different IBONTs. The traffic is classified into the NID management T-CONT based on the association with management VLAN and differentiated according to the number and value of the VLAN tags: NETCONF management traffic is single-tagged (4094), IPFIX traffic is double-tagged (outer 4094, inner tag 4093).

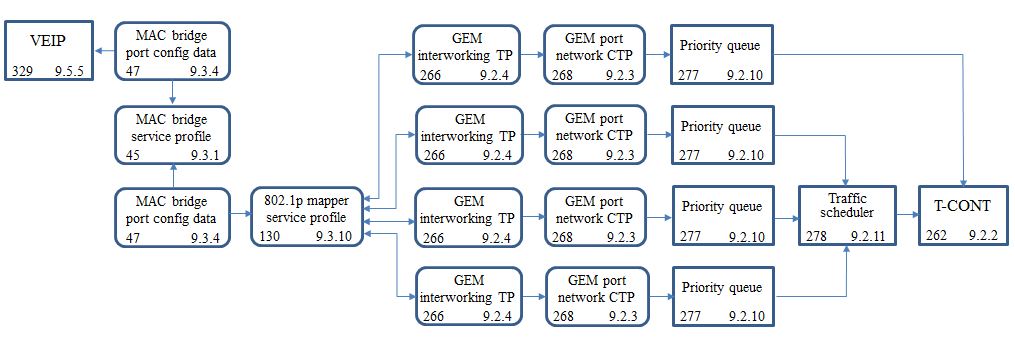
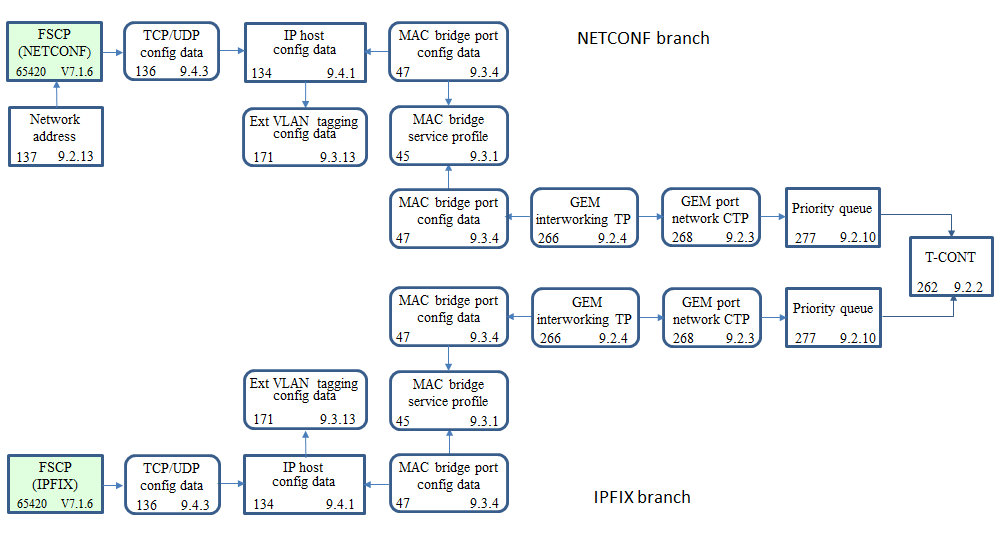


Figure 5 – IBONT data path ME relationship diagram

Figure 6 – IBONT management path relationship diagram

#### SFU and BHR ONTs

For the SFU or BHR ONT types, Figure 7 presents the upstream traffic management architecture.

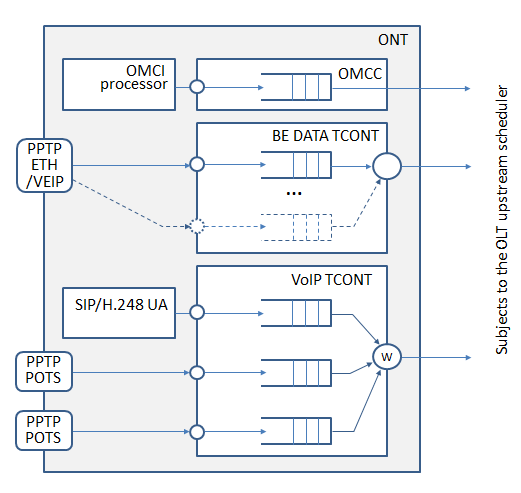


Figure 7 – SFU/BHR traffic management

Note that the OLT’s DBA implementation should follow the reference model of Clause 7.1 of ITU-T Recommendation G.989.3. The T-CONT descriptor parameters (fixed, assured, maximum, or alternatively, additional bandwidth, and the eligibility indicator) derived based on the individual EVC parameters are supplied to the OLT by the OSS.

## TWDM system configuration

The ONT uses several MEs introduced by Verizon OpenOMCI to model a multi-wavelength TWDM PON system (see Figure 8). Such OpenOMCI-specific MEs are represented by the shaded blocks.

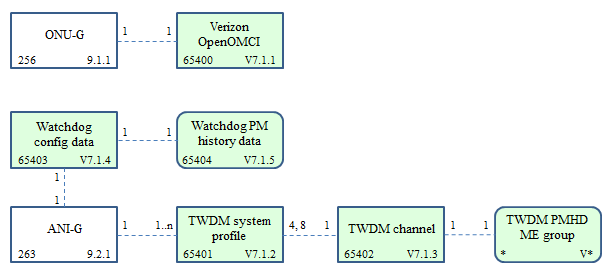


Figure 8 – Modeling a TWDM PON system with self-monitoring capabilities

There is a single instance of TWDM system profile ME per access network slot. In most cases the correspondence between the TWDM system profile ME and the ANI-G ME is 1:1. However, there are use cases, in particular, TWDM channel bonding and Type C protection, that can make use of multiple ANI-G per access network slot, a configuration which is technically allowed, but not corroborated by G.988. Depending on its capabilities, the ONT instantiates four or eight TWDM channel MEs. These MEs get populated as the ONT discovers active TWDM channels through tuning range scanning.

The ONT also instantiates the Watchdog ME, associated with an instance of ANI‑G, to model the ONT’s self-monitoring capabilities.

## PON devices with dual management domains

Among the PON device types defined in this specification, two types, NG-PON2 IBONT and NG-PON2 BHR, are dual-managed devices where the ONU part is managed via the OMCI, while the UNI equipment is managed by other means, such as TR-069 (in case of NG-PON2 BHR) or NETCONF/YANG (in case of NG-PON2 IBONT).

The dual-managed devices follow the two management domain architecture, as specified in Section II.2/G.988, with the VEIP (329) ME providing the demarcation point between the OMCI and non-OMCI management domains. The VEIP ME is explicitly linked to the TCP/UDP config data (136) and IP host config data (134) ME, which provide the non-OMCI management domain's IP connectivity, and implicitly associated with an instance of the OpenOMCI-specific Flexible configuration status portal (65420) ME, with an instance of the standard TR-069 management server (340) ME, which provide the IP address and access credentials for the non-OMCI management station and, if necessary, the means to exchange the configuration and status information associated with the non-OMCI management domain between the OLT and the ONT.

The preferred traffic management configurations for the dual-managed PON device types can be found in section 3.4.2. As far as the L2 connectivity and VLAN tag management is concerned, the NID portion of the NG-PON2 IBONT is expected to perform traffic classification and all necessary VLAN tag manipulations, presenting fully tagged Ethernet frames at the VEIP demarcation point. The router portion of the NG-PON2 BHR is viewed as an untrusted device and is expected to present untagged Ethernet frames at the VEIP.

# Service provisioning

## Layer 2 connectivity

The ONT supports the Layer 2 OMCI common model (L2-OCM) for unicast provisioning, as specified in clause II.1.2/G.988, with all the pertaining MEs and message sequences.

The ONT supports one instance of single-UNI L2-OCM provisioning model for each user-facing Ethernet interface.

In the upstream direction, the ONT supports four instances of T-CONT ME in addition to the upstream OMCC traffic entity. The number of supported T-CONTs does not scale with the number of ONT’s UNI interfaces.

By default, the ONT supports four priority queues corresponding to four classes of traffic, with an option to extend the number of supported priority queues up to eight.

The ONT OMCI implementation supports flexible configuration of the Priority queue (277), Traffic Scheduler (278), and T-CONT (262) MEs.

The Traffic Scheduler (278) ME supports both strict priority and weighted round robin scheduling policies selectable by the OLT CT.

For the IPTV service, the ONT supports the L2-OCM with multicast provision model, as specified in clause II.1.3/G.988, with all the pertaining MEs and message sequences. Multicast related MEs include Multicast GEM interworking termination point (281), Multicast operations profile (309), Multicast subscriber config info (310), and Multicast subscriber monitor (311).

## Layer 3 connectivity

The only services that requiring an IP stack are those associated with setting the direct management path in a dual-managed ONT, such as IP-provisioned VoIP and TR-069 support. The ONT does not require an IP stack for performing its core functions.

The ONT supports all MEs specified in clause 9.4/G.988.

The IP host config data (134) ME is instantiated autonomously by the ONT. The other MEs of that group: IP host performance monitoring history data (135), TCP/UDP config data (136), TCP/UDP performance monitoring history data (342), IPv6 host config data (347) -- are instantiated by the OLT CT.

The OLT CT populates the ONU identifier attribute of the IP host config date ME (134) with the unique *client identifier* parameter. The ONT uses this parameter to form a DHCP discovery message to the DHCP server. The ONT uses the content of the DHCP offer response from the DHCP server to populate the remaining attributes of IP host config data (134) ME.

The ONT uses the IP host performance monitoring history data (135) ME to collect DHCP statistics and to report threshold crossing alerts (TCAs).

## Voice services

### SIP-based VoIP service

This section specifies the OMCI-specific aspects of SIP-based VoIP services configuration, provisioning, and monitoring. The complete specification of the Verizon VoIP architecture, mandatory requirements and optional capabilities, along with other Verizon-specific information required for interconnecting with the Verizon SIP-based packet telephony network is provided in the current version of Verizon SIP-Based Packet Telephony Network UNI Specification document (Verizon SIP UNI specification).

Verizon uses the non-OMCI based control of VoIP service; this is referred as “IP path” in clause 6.4/G.988. The relationship diagram of VoIP provisioning is shown in Figure 9.

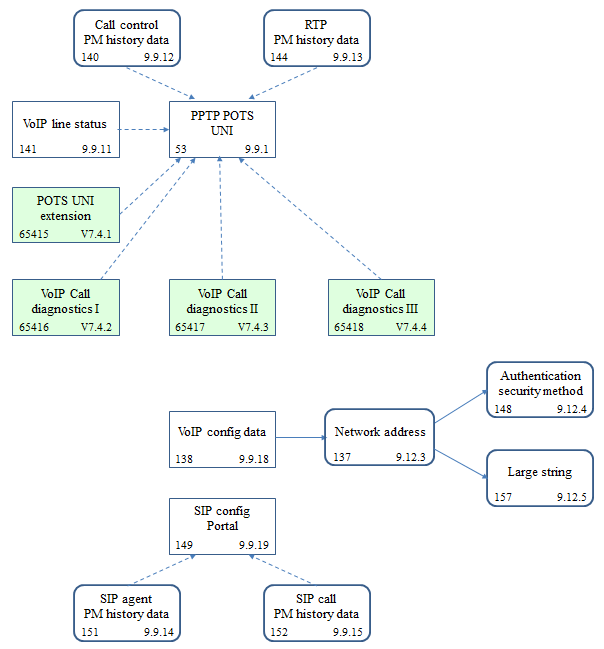


Figure 9 – VoIP provisioning MEs

The ONT supports the VoIP config data (138) ME instantiating it autonomously, as long as VoIP services are supported, and declaring SIP signaling protocol and Configuration file retrieval VoIP configuration method.

To allow the ONT to retrieve its SIP configuration, the OLT CT provides the profile server address, as defined by the Verizon SIP UNI specification, and configuration credentials by instantiating the Network address (137) and Authentication security method (148) MEs, populating them with appropriate parameters, and writing the pointer to the instance of the Network address (137) ME into the VoIP configuration address pointer attribute of the VoIP config data (138) ME.

The ONU obtains the local domain name and host name via DHCP.

Once the profile server address and associated credentials are established, the ONT leverages the SIP SUBSCRIBE/NOTIFY mechanism to obtain the SIP user agent configuration, according to Method B of Verizon SIP UNI specification. The OLT CT uses a Set operation on the Retrieve profile attribute of the VoIP config data (138) ME to provide an indication to the ONU to initiate or reinitiate the process of obtaining the SIP configuration information and configuring its SIP user agent(s), starting with the acquisition of the new profile server address.

The ONT uses the notification capabilities of the VoIP config data (138) ME, IP host performance monitoring history data (135), and the OpenOMCI-specific SIP UNI Application server alarm status ME to report SIP service related alarms, in accordance with section 7.1.2/ Verizon SIP UNI specification.

The SIP configuration parameters retrieved from the configuration server in the form of an XML profile document are not presented in the OMCI MIB. However, the ONT makes the profile document itself available in an unstructured form via the Configuration text table attribute of the SIP config portal (149) ME. (See II.4.6.2/G.988.)

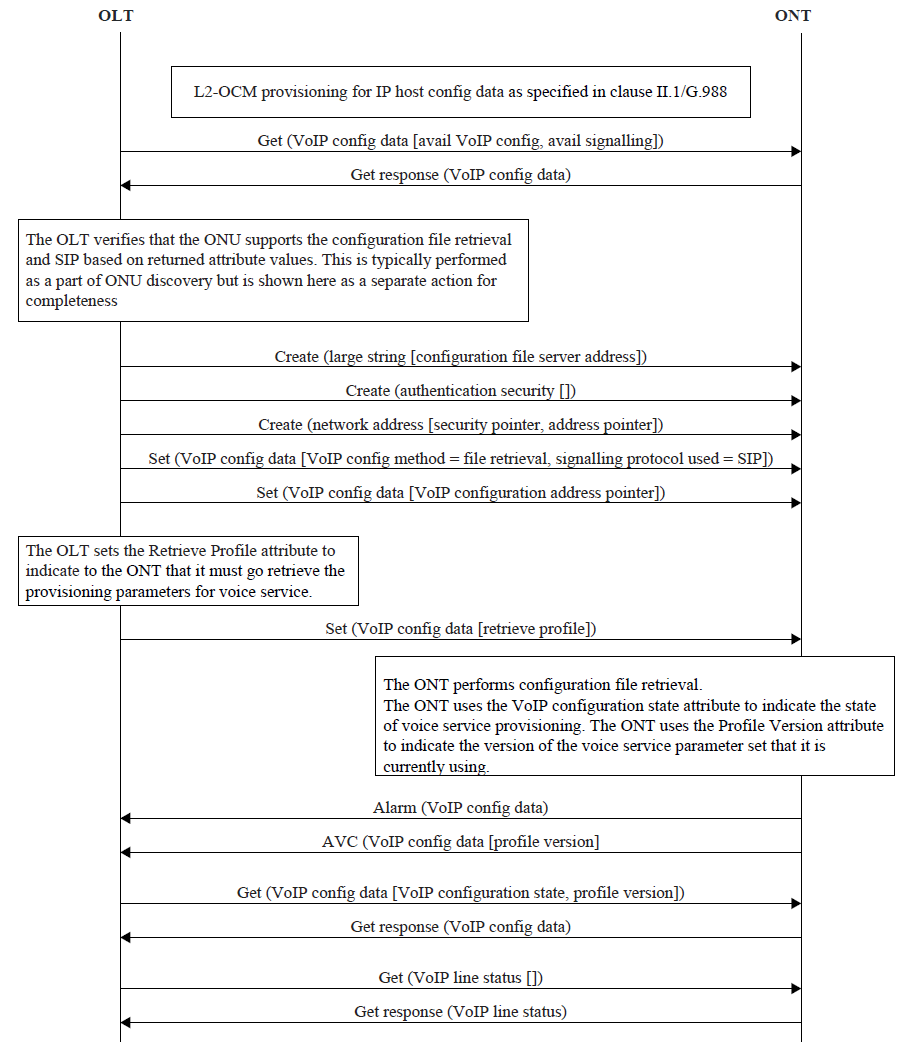


Figure 10 – OMCI message sequence for VoIP provisioning

### H.248-based voice

The support of H.248-based voice follows the specification in ITU-T G.988.

### POTS holdover

POTS holdover refers to the loop voltage being held up under certain adverse conditions associated with the loss of connectivity on the PON fiber, preventing false positive activation of premises intrusion alarm circuits. There are two distinct mechanisms to support POTS holdover: the POTS holdover timer of PPTP POTS UNI (53) ME and the Controlled POTS holdover timer of POTS UNI extension (65415) ME.

The former controls the POTS voltage holdover in case of loss of TC layer connectivity. The timer is started once the connectivity is lost (that is, when the “ONU is not ranged on the PON”), and reset to the preconfigured original value when the connectivity is restored. When the timer expires, the POTS voltage is dropped. As the PON connectivity is by definition lost, the ONT is not able to report remaining holdover time.

The latter guarantees POTS voltage holdover for the specified duration of time regardless of PON connectivity. The timer is started once its initial value is set by the OLT and runs until expiration. While the timer is running, any condition that normally causes the ONT to drop the POTS loop voltage is ignored. Expiration of the timer restores the normal operation. As the TC layer connectivity can be maintained and the OMCC channel can be up while the timer is running, the ONT can be able to report the remaining holdover time.

## Ethernet service OAM

An ONT supporting IEEE 802.1ag Ethernet Connectivity Fault Management (CFM) supports the following OMCI ME:

Dot1ag maintenance domain (299). Dot1ag maintenance association (300), Dot1ag default MD level (301), Dot1ag MEP (302), Dot1ag MEP status (303), Dot1ag MEP CCM database (304), Dot1ag CFM stack (305), Dot1ag chassis-maintenance info (306).

The ONT automatically creates an instance of Dot1ag chassis-maintenance info (306) ME. The ONT creates an instance of Dot1ag CFM stack (305) ME and an instance of Dot1ag default MD level (301) for each supported MAC bridge. The ONT creates an instance of Dot1ag MEP CCM database (304) ME and an instance of Dot1ag MEP status (303) ME with each Dot1ag MEP (302) ME instantiated by the OLT CT.

The ONT uses the notification capabilities of the Dot1ag MEP (302) ME to report CFM alarms and failure conditions.

Note that the Ethernet service OAM support on the IBONT type PON device is a function of the NID.

## Switched Ethernet service NID support

This section applies to IBONT only.

An ONT providing switched Ethernet service (SES) Network Interface Device (NID) functionality is a dual-managed device which supports OMCI provisioning of the basic traffic management functionality and the non-OMCI (NETCONF/YANG) management path for NID management and control.

# Standard G.988 ME adaptation to OpenOMCI

## High level guidelines

In addition to having short-term ONU/OLT OMCI interoperability, Verizon OpenOMCI needs to be flexible enough to support future features without redefining the Verizon OpenOMCI. To support this, Verizon OpenOMCI needs to be as encompassing as possible to minimize the need for future revisions. This goal of flexibility will also guide the optional behavior (if any) for MEs and attributes.

The following list summarizes the high level guidelines used to refine G.988 for use in the Verizon OpenOMCI. As these are guidelines, there will be exceptions in order to improve interoperability.

1. Interoperability is limited to the OMCI protocol level. “look and feel”, scale, performance, “form/fit/function” are not part of OMCI interoperability.
2. All G.988 optional attributes will become mandatory or O1 (See below), with few exceptions.
3. All AVCs will be supported
4. All alarms will be supported
5. All actions will be supported
6. All notifications will be supported
7. All TCAs will be supported
8. ARC and ARC interval will be supported
9. All set/get tables will be supported
10. All get current data will be supported
11. No attributes appearing as deprecated in G.988 are to be used.
12. If an ME has an "extended" counterpart, the extended version will be used.
13. If a historical performance monitoring ME has a 64-bit version, that will be used.
14. Unless otherwise noted, all equipment IDs will be CLEI code formatted.
15. Some attributes use 0 to indicate “internal ONU policy” or other indication that the feature is defined by the ONU vendor. These attributes cannot have the value of 0.
16. Some attributes are marked as “G.984 only” or “G.987 only” in G.988. These attributes are not used.
17. In the case where a feature described by a mandatory attribute is not supported by the ONU, the attribute still needs to be supported.

## Mandatory and optional attributes

### Discussion on Mandatory and optional attributes

This section is used for discussion and illustrative purposes and does not impose any requirements or constraints on implementing Verizon OpenOMCI

ITU-T Recommendation G.988 uses qualification “mandatory” in several different ways. Although MEs are marked as mandatory or optional, certain fundamental MEs (ONU-G) are obviously mandatory. But some MEs are feature based, such as VoIP. If an ONU does not support VoIP, does it need to support those VoIP MEs with mandatory attributes? It is not clear from the recommendations.

A similar analogy can be made for attributes.

1. Some mandatory attributes are required for basic operation of the feature, such as Serial number on ONU-G.
2. Some mandatory attributes refer to features that are dependent on implementation, such as Battery Backup in ONU-G: “This Boolean attribute controls whether the ONU performs backup battery monitoring (assuming it is capable of doing so)”. What does it mean to have a mandatory attribute to manage a feature that is optional? G.988 does not provide clear direction.
3. Some optional attributes are hardware-feature based, such as power shedding override (circuit pack). If the ONU does not support this feature, then there is no need to support the ME.
4. Some optional attributes are software-feature based, such as lower transmit power threshold (ANI-G). The measuring of the transmit power is supported by hardware, but the software chooses not to implement it.
5. Some optional attributes are based on service provisioning, such as RMEP 2 database table (Dot1ag MEP CCM database). The number of remote MEP databases depends on the number of remote MEPs.

### Use of Mandatory and Optional in Verizon OpenOMCI

To clarify these rules, the Verizon OpenOMCI specification uses the following:

1. The specification identifies several ONU types, based on features (such as SFU, IBONT, etc.).
2. For each ONU type, the specification will identify which MEs must be supported.
3. For each attribute, the specification will assign one of the following categories
   1. M – mandatory. Must be implemented as an ME, even if the ME refers to a feature not supported in that particular make/model of the ONU. When the attribute is accessed, the rules outlined in G.988 apply. Most G.988 Optional MEs are marked as Mandatory in Verizon OpenOMCI specification
   2. O1 – optional based on the provisioned service or the scale supported by the ONU. All G.988 scale based optional attributes are O1 in Verizon OpenOMCI specification
   3. O2 – optional based on vendor’s discretion (very few of these)

Unless otherwise specified, the format and values allowed for attributes in the Verizon OpenOMCI generally follow G.988.The Verizon OpenOMCI defines any restrictions in attribute values, or constrains optional format values for attributes.

If needed, description for the rationale of restrictions, constraints or other notes are listed in Section 5.5

## MIB description

Annex A: Detailed Verizon OpenOMCI MIB description contains an embedded spreadsheet with the tabulated version of the MEs, attributes, alarms, AVCs, etc., defined for the Verizon Open OMCI specification, mandatory MEs, mandatory attributes and restricted ranges for attributes.

A summary of the MEs supported by the Verizon OpenOMCI specification can be found in Annex B

## Attribute formats, values and optional syntax

Unless otherwise specified, the format and values allowed for attributes in the Verizon Open OMCI generally follow G.988.The Verizon OpenOMCI defines any restrictions in attribute values, or constrains optional format values for attributes.

If needed, description for the rationale of restrictions, constraints or other notes are listed in Section 5.

Several attributes on G988 have optional semantic use, or unspecified formats, or listed as to be specified by the vendor. The Verizon OpenOMCI specification defines and constrains these attributes to ensure interoperability. The definition and constraints are listed in the accompanying spreadsheet.

## Detailed and operational requirements

The following sections provide information on the use or definition of the MEs/attributes, as needed.

### Modeling of interfaces

All interfaces will be modeled using the cardholder and circuit pack MEs.

Non-pluggable interfaces will be modeled as virtual cardholders, using cardholder and circuit pack MEs.

### 9.1.2-Attr-12, Current connectivity mode

This value is deprecated in Verizon OpenOMCI. ONT’s use of this value is not specified and G988 implies that even if set, it does not have an effect on the ONT.

### “Software Image”/9.1.4-Attr-00, Managed entity ID

Per G.988, software image ME must support fundamental mode, which consists of two images of the ONU software; this is indicated by the last byte having a value of 0x0 or 0x1. However, there may be ONUs that require more than one software image (SIP user agent, FPGA images, etc.).

The Verizon OpenOMCI specification supports the use of multiple software images. If needed, the ONU will use the fundamental MEID for different virtual slots.

This is not a requirement on the ONT that it must use multiple software images. However, the OLT must support the management of these files via the fundamental method with virtual slots.

### “Port Mapping”, 9.1.8

The Port Mapping ME is optional, and needed only when an ONU has pluggable cards with different port types.

### “ONU Remote Debug”, 9.1.12-Attr-01, Command format

This attribute offers two options for the debug command, ASCII text or free format.

Since the OLT simply passes the command/response messages without interpretation, and the OLT is agnostic to the format, either format can be supported based on ONU vendor requirements.

This is an example where the Verizon Open OMCI is NOT specifying a command format; the reason is that this ME is needed for vendor debug but is not impacted by interoperability requirements.

### “ANI-G”, 9.2.1 Managed Entity ID

In the particular case where a plug in card can support multiple ANIs, each ANI is modeled as multiple virtual cards with one port, rather than one card with multiple ports.

The reason is that there is no direct way to tie TCONTs to ports on cards, but there is a way to tie TCONTS to cards.

### “GEM port network CTP”, 9.2.3-Attr-01, Port-ID

This attribute must follow the guidelines for this attribute in G.988, note 1.

### “FEC performance monitoring history data”. 9.2.9-Attr-07, FEC Seconds

G.988 refers to “FEC anomaly”. Verizon Open OMCI interprets this as “uncorrectable code words”.

### “Priority Queue”, 9.2.10-Attr-02

This attribute must follow the guidelines listed for this attribute in G.988, note 2.

### “Ethernet performance monitoring history data 3”9.5.4

Per G.988 suggestion in note 2, Ethernet frame extended PM 64-bit is used instead

### ME Sequencing

For voice and data services, the OLT controls the sequence of ME creation. The ONU should be able to accept ME creation in any sequence without long term degraded operation or long term impact on existing services.

However for qualification purposes, the OLT should create MEs as follows

1. For data services, the OLT should follow the ME sequences outlined in G.988, Annex II.1
2. For voice services, the OLT should follow the ME sequences outlined in G.988,AnnexII.4, with the constraints that SIP uses IP for service provisioning
3. In general, the OLT should follow the practice in G.988 Annex II.1.2.1.5 of “It is recommended to follow the depicted ordering of steps and the ordering of messages within those steps to ensure that no ME pointer attribute is populated prior to the creation of its target ME “

### Admin down until last piece is put into place

For all service creations, service should be disabled until all MEs have been instantiated and populated. This can be accomplished in several ways, including

1. Either endpoint (UNI side or ANI side) must be put in an admin-down state (if supported) and then brought back up once all the provisioning is completed
2. If the service end-points don’t have and admin down state, then the OLT must create the service end-point as the last ME.

### Verizon Open OMCI Version Number

The Verizon Open OMCI ME has a version attribute. This attribute is formatted as X.Y (X the most significant byte, Y the least significant byte). Verizon OMCI versions with the same value of X and different values of Y are deemed to be interoperable. Verizon OMCI versions with different values of X are not interoperable.

There are no plans to have non-interoperable versions, but if the need arises, this is how it would be conveyed.

### Use of Flexible Status Configuration Portal in support of SFP/XFPs

There is a need to be able to report the module ID and other status information from pluggable and fixed optics that support SFF INF-8077i. This is done using the Flexible Status Configuration Portal.

The table below indicates the attribute values used in this scenario.

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Attribute Name** | Use |
| Managed Entity ID | 65420 |
| Service Instance | 0 |
| Service Type ID | 0x0000 |
| Protocol | 0xFF |
| Service Instance | based on instance |
| Configuration Method | 0x0003 |
| Network address pointer | 0 (NA) |
| Administrative State | 0x00 |
| Operational State | 0x00, when SFP/XFP is plugged in and operating normally;  0x01, when removed;  0x02, for inserted but with a hardware error |
| Cause for last abnormal halt | 0xFFFF(NA) |
| Configuration Portal Update Available | 0 (always 0) |
| Configuration Portal Table | Don’t care (NA) |
| Config Portal Result | 0 (configuration is not read) |
| Status Message Available | 1 |
| Status Message | Dynamic |
| Status Message Result | 1 |
| Associated ME Class | 11 (PPTP Ethernet UNI) or 263 (ANI) |
| Associated ME Class Instances | Instance of ME class |
|  |  |
| AVC Name |  |
| Operational Status | Used for XFP/SFP FCSP |
| Configuration Portal Results | Not used for XFP/SFP FCSP |
| Status Message Available | Not used for XFP/SFP FCSP |
| Alarm Name |  |
| Receive Configuration Timeout | Not used for XFP/SFP FCSP |
| Status Acknowledgement timeout | Not used for XFP/SFP FCSP |
| Service requires attention – medium | Not used for XFP/SFP FCSP |
| Service requires attention - high | Not used for XFP/SFP FCSP |
|  |  |
|  |  |

The Flexible Status Configuration Portal is associated with the cardholder ME that represents the pluggable or fixed optical device.

The portal is used to report the data in the optical module’s Upper Memory Upper memory map table 01h containing module’s read-only identification information (see SFF INF-8077i). This information is reported through the Status Message attribute. The Status Message Available attribute reflects the availability of the data based on the ONU’s ability to read the data from the optical module.

### Definition of Column C “Value” in OMCI MIB Spreadsheet

Column C describes the range of values that are allowed for each attribute. The meaning of each description listed below

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Description | Meaning |
| Per 988 | Values as specified in the Source column (G.988 or an amendment) |
| 0, 1, A, etc | Restricted to the value |
| 1..4, etc | Restricted to the range of values |
| !0, !1, !A, etc | Not that value |
| NA | Not applicable; used for deprecated attributes |
| >8, > 0xB2 | Value greater than that listed |
| 0x… | Hexadecimal representation |
| CLEI, ASCII String | ASCII string containing CLEI code |
| 2 char | Two characters |
| 0x\*\*[00,01) | For Software Image MEID, restricts the last 2 bits to be 00 or 01 (must have main and backup versions) |
| 0xSSBB | 0xSSBB as per 988 |
| Per 988 <text> | Per 988 with supplemental tex |
| XML | XML format |
| Per VOS | Per Verizon Open OMCI Specification (present document) |

# Modified G.988 Managed entities

The modifications are shown in orange font.

## Adaptation of FEC PMHD

According to the explanation in clause 1.3.2 of the present document, this clause modifies the specification of the FEC performance monitoring history data ME to ensure generalized applicability in the TWDM PON context.

### Clause 9.2.9: FEC performance monitoring history data

This managed entity collects performance monitoring data associated with PON downstream FEC counters. Instances of this managed entity are created and deleted by the OLT.

For a complete discussion of generic PM architecture, refer to clause I.4.

Relationships

An instance of this managed entity is associated with an instance of the ANI-G managed entity or an instance of the TWDM channel managed entity.

Attributes

**Managed entity ID:** This attribute uniquely identifies each instance of this managed entity. Through an identical ID, this managed entity is implicitly linked to an instance of the ANI-G or TWDM channel ME. (R, Set‑by‑create) (mandatory) (2 bytes)

**Interval end time**: This attribute identifies the most recently finished 15-minute interval. (R) (mandatory) (1 byte)

**Threshold data 1/2 ID:** This attribute points to an instance of the threshold data 1 managed entity that contains PM threshold values. Since no threshold value attribute number exceeds 7, a threshold data 2 ME is optional. (R, W, Set‑by‑create) (mandatory) (2 bytes)

**Corrected bytes**: This attribute counts the number of bytes that were corrected by the FEC function. (R) (mandatory) (4 bytes)

**Corrected code words**: This attribute counts the code words that were corrected by the FEC function. (R) (mandatory) (4 bytes)

**Uncorrectable code words**: This attribute counts errored code words that could not be corrected by the FEC function. (R) (mandatory) (4 bytes)

**Total code words**: This attribute counts the total received code words. (R) (mandatory) (4 bytes)

**FEC seconds**: This attribute counts seconds during which there was a forward error correction anomaly. (R) (mandatory) (2 bytes)

Actions

Create, delete, get, set

Get current data (optional)

Notifications

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| Threshold crossing alert | | |
| Alarm number | Threshold crossing alert | Threshold value attribute # (Note) |
| 0 | Corrected bytes | 1 |
| 1 | Corrected code words | 2 |
| 2 | Uncorrectable code words | 3 |
| 4 | FEC seconds | 4 |
| NOTE – This number associates the TCA with the specified threshold value attribute of the threshold data 1 managed entity. | | |

## Configuration server NOTIFY-related errors

Based on the Verizon SIP UNI requirement, this section adds three NOTIFY-related alarms to the VoIP config data ME.

### Clause 9.9.18: VoIP config data

The VoIP configuration data managed entity defines the configuration for VoIP in the ONU. The OLT uses this ME to discover the VoIP signaling protocols and configuration methods supported by this ONU. The OLT then uses this ME to select the desired signaling protocol and configuration method. The entity is conditionally required for ONUs that offer VoIP services.

An ONU that supports VoIP services automatically creates an instance of this managed entity.

Relationships

One instance of this managed entity is associated with the ONU.

Attributes

**Managed entity ID:** This attribute uniquely identifies each instance of this managed entity. There is only one instance, number 0. (R) (mandatory) (2 bytes)

**Available signaling protocols**: This attribute is a bit map that defines the VoIP signaling protocols supported in the ONU. The bit value 1 specifies that the ONU supports the associated protocol.

1 (LSB) SIP

2 ITU-T H.248

3 MGCP

(R) (mandatory) (1 byte)

**Signaling protocol used**: This attribute specifies the VoIP signaling protocol to use. Only one type of protocol is allowed at a time. Valid values are:

0 None

1 SIP

2 ITU-T H.248

3 MGCP

0xFF Selected by non-OMCI management interface

(R, W) (mandatory) (1 byte)

**Available VoIP configuration methods**: This attribute is a bit map that indicates the capabilities of the ONU with regard to VoIP service configuration. The bit value 1 specifies that the ONU supports the associated capability.

1 (LSB) ONU capable of using the OMCI to configure its VoIP services.

2 ONU capable of working with configuration file retrieval to configure its VoIP services.

3 ONU capable of working with [BBF TR-069] to configure its VoIP services.

4 ONU capable of working with IETF sipping config framework to configure its VoIP services.

Bits 5..24 are reserved by ITU-T. Bits 25..32 are reserved for proprietary vendor configuration capabilities. (R) (mandatory) (4 bytes)

**VoIP configuration method used**: Specifies which method is used to configure the ONU's VoIP service.

0 Do not configure – ONU default

1 OMCI

2 Configuration file retrieval

3 Broadband Forum TR-069

4 IETF sipping config framework

5..240 Reserved by ITU-T

241..255 Reserved for proprietary vendor configuration methods

(R, W) (mandatory) (1 byte)

**VoIP configuration address pointer**: If this attribute is set to any value other than a null pointer, it points to a network address managed entity, which indicates the address of the server to contact using the method indicated in the VoIP configuration method used attribute. This attribute is only relevant for non-OMCI configuration methods.

If this attribute is set to a null pointer, no address is defined by this attribute. However, the address may be defined by other methods, such as deriving it from the ONU identifier attribute of the IP host config data ME and using a well-known URI schema.

The default value is 0xFFFF (R, W) (mandatory) (2 bytes)

**VoIP configuration state**: Indicates the status of the ONU VoIP service.

0 Inactive: configuration retrieval has not been attempted

1 Active: configuration was retrieved

2 Initializing: configuration is now being retrieved

3 Fault: configuration retrieval process failed

Other values are reserved. At ME instantiation, the ONU sets this attribute to 0. (R) (mandatory) (1 byte)

**Retrieve profile**: This attribute provides a means by which the ONU may be notified that a new VoIP profile should be retrieved. By setting this attribute, the OLT triggers the ONU to retrieve a new profile. The actual value in the set action is ignored because it is the action of setting that is important. (W) (mandatory) (1 byte)

**Profile version**: This attribute is a character string that identifies the version of the last retrieved profile. (R) (mandatory) (25 bytes)

Actions

Get, set

Notifications

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| Attribute value change | | |
| Number | Attribute value change | Description |
| 1..7 | N/A |  |
| 8 | Profile version | Version of last retrieved profile |
| 9..16 | Reserved |  |

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| Alarm | | |
| Alarm number | Alarm | Description |
| 0 | VCD config server name | Failed to resolve the configuration server name. |
| 1 | VCD config server reach | Cannot reach configuration server (the port cannot be reached, ICMP errors) |
| 2 | VCD config server connect | Cannot connect to the configuration server (due to bad credentials or other faults after the port has responded) |
| 3 | VCD config server validate | Cannot validate the configuration server |
| 4 | VCD config server auth | Cannot authenticate the configuration session (e.g., missing credentials) |
| 5 | VCD config server timeout | Timeout waiting for response from configuration server |
| 6 | VCD config server fail | Failure response received from configuration server |
| 7 | VCD config file error | Configuration file received has an error |
| 8 | VCD subscription name | Failed to resolve the subscription server name |
| 9 | VCD subscription reach | Cannot reach subscription server (the port cannot be reached, ICMP errors) |
| 10 | VCD subscription connect | Cannot connect to subscription server (due to bad credentials or other faults after the port has responded) |
| 11 | VCD subscription validate | Cannot validate subscription server |
| 12 | VCD subscription auth | Cannot authenticate subscription session (e.g., missing credentials) |
| 13 | VCD subscription timeout | Timeout waiting for response from subscription server |
| 14 | VCD subscription fail | Failure response received from subscription server |
| 15 | VCD reboot request | A non-OMCI management interface has requested a reboot of the ONU.  NOTE – This alarm is used only to indicate the request and not to indicate that a reboot has actually taken place. |
| 16 (208) | VCD Notify timeout | Failure to receive the NOTIFY that the server is required to send following acceptance of a SUBSCRIBE request. |
| 17 (209) | VCD Notify malformed | Malformed NOTIFY request |
| 18 (210) | VCD Notify Rejected | NOTIFY request specifies that the subscription is terminated because it has been rejected by the server or the server has no resources to accept it (this may be received following a SUBSCRIBE to which the server returned a 202 (Accepted) response) |
| 19..207 | Reserved |  |
| 208..223 | Vendor-specific alarms | Not to be standardized |

# Additional MEs in the vendor-specific space

Table 1: Additional MEs in the vendor-specific space

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **ME class** | **Managed entity** | **Comments** | **Standards-track** |
| 65400 | Verizon OpenOMCI |  | No |
| 65401 | TWDM system profile |  | Yes |
| 65402 | TWDM channel |  | Yes |
| 65403 | Watchdog config data |  | Yes |
| 65404 | Watchdog PM history data |  | Yes |
| 65420 | Flexible Configuration Status Portal |  | Yes |
| 65421 | Flexible Configuration Status Portal PM history data |  | Yes |
| 65422 | ONU3-G |  | Yes |
| 65405 | SIP UNI Application server alarm status |  | Yes |
| 65406 | TWDM channel PHY/LODS PM history data | Per Tab 14-1/G.989.3 | Yes |
| 65407 | TWDM channel XGEM PM history data | Per Tab 14-1/G.989.3 | Yes |
| 65408 | TWDM channel PLOAM PM history data part 1 | Per Tab 14-1/G.989.3 | Yes |
| 65409 | TWDM channel PLOAM PM history data part 2 | Per Tab 14-1/G.989.3 | Yes |
| 65410 | TWDM channel PLOAM PM history data part 3 | Per Tab 14-1/G.989.3 | Yes |
| 65411 | TWDM channel tuning PM history data part 1 | Per Tab 14-1/G.989.3 | Yes |
| 65412 | TWDM channel tuning PM history data part 2 | Per Tab 14-1/G.989.3 | Yes |
| 65413 | TWDM channel tuning PM history data part 3 | Per Tab 14-1/G.989.3 | Yes |
| 65414 | TWDM channel OMCI PM history data | Per Tab 14-1/G.989.3 | Yes |
| 65415 | POTS UNI extension |  | Yes |
| 65416 | VoIP call diagnostics part 1 |  | Yes |
| 67417 | VoIP call diagnostics part 2 |  | Yes |
| 65418 | VoIP call diagnostics part 3 |  | Yes |
| 65423 | IP host performance monitoring history data part 2 |  | Yes |
| 65424 | ONU operational performance monitoring history data |  | Yes |

## Core OpenOMCI MEs

### Verizon OpenOMCI managed entity

This managed entity provides the means for the ONT to declare its type and to declare and negotiate the effective version of the Verizon OpenOMCI specification. The only instance of this ME is instantiated autonomously by the ONU.

Relationships

The instance of this managed entity is implicitly associated with ONU-G ME.

Attributes

**Managed entity ID:** This attribute uniquely identifies each instance of this managed entity. There is only one instance of this ME with ID = 0. (R) (mandatory) (2 bytes).

**Supported specification version:** This attribute uniquely identifies the highest version of the Verizon OpenOMCI specification which the ONU supports. The version is represented by a pair of integer values (R, V), where R, the two most significant bytes, is the major release, and V, the least significant bytes, is the version within release. For backward compatibility purposes the ONU is expected to support all lower numbered versions within the same release of OpenOMCI specification, as well as the generic G.988 without OpenOMCI features. (R) (mandatory) (4 bytes).

**PON device type:** This attribute refers to the ONU type specified by Verizon in the appropriate requirement documents. Together with the Supported specification version attribute, it unambiguously identifies the set of MEs, attributes and features supported by the ONU. The following table provides the PON device type values supported in the present version on the Verizon OpenOMCI specification.

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| **PON device type** | **PON device** | **Requirements reference** |
| 0x0004 | NG-PON2 SFU ONT | VZ ONT Specification, clause 8.1 |
| 0x0006 | NG-PON2 ETH ONT | Placeholder |
| 0x0008 | NG-PON2 SOHO ONT | VZ ONT Specification, clause 8.2 |
| 0x000C | NG-PON2 IBONT | VZ ONT Specification, clause 8.3 |
| 0x000E | NG-PON2 BHR | VZ ONT Specification, clause 8.4 |

(R) (mandatory) (2 bytes).

**Specification version in use:** This attribute is populated by the OLT to indicate an agreement to use the OpenOMCI specification and its effective version. If the OLT does not access the Verizon OpenOMCI ME, or if it sets the value of the Specification Version in Use attribute to (0,0), the ONT should presume that Verizon OpenOMCI is not supported and employ the common G.988 set of the OMCI MEs, attributes, and features. (R, W) (mandatory) (4 bytes).

Actions

Get, set.

### TWDM System Profile managed entity

This managed entity models the TWDM subsystem of NG-PON2 system. An instance of this ME corresponds to a physical or virtual slot of the ONU housing one or more access network interfaces. The instances of this ME are instantiated autonomously by the ONU.

Relationships

An instance of this managed entity is associated with an instance of a circuit pack that supports a PON interface function,. It is, therefore, implicitly associated with all ANI-G MEs whose managed entity ID refers the specific Slot ID.

Attributes

**Managed entity ID:** This attribute uniquely identifies each instance of this managed entity. This two-byte number is represented as 0xSS00, where SS indicates the slot ID (as defined in clause 9.1.5 and referenced in clause 9.2.1 of G.988. (R) (mandatory) (2 bytes)

**Total TWDM channel number:** This attribute indicates the number of distinct TWDM channels the ONT supports in given slot. (R) (mandatory) (1 byte)

**Channel partition index:** Channel partition index represented as 0x0P, and maintained as a part of the OMCI MIB, rather than a TC layer config parameter. See clause 6.1.5.9/G.989.3 for complete description. (R, W) (mandatory) (1 byte)

**Channel partition waiver timer:** An unsigned integer representing the time interval measured in seconds for which the ONU is blocked from an activation attempt on Channel Partition restriction. The timer corresponds to the Tcpi parameter of G.989.3A1 and measures the elapsed time from the moment an ONU finds a downstream wavelength channel belonging to a non-matching channel partition, to the moment the ONU resets its CPI in non-volatile memory to the default value (zero) in order to waive the CPI restriction. The default is 300 seconds. The value of 0xFFFF indicates infinity (no Channel Partition waiver is granted). (R, W) (mandatory) (4 bytes)

**LODS re-initialization timer:** This attribute, which corresponds to timer TO2 of G.989.3 expressed as an integer number of PHY frame intervals, specifies the duration of time an ONU without configured wavelength channel protection (WLCP = OFF) waits in the Intermittent LODS (O6) state before transitioning into the Initial (O1) state for reactivation. The default value upon instantiation is 1000 (125 ms). (R, W) (mandatory) (4 bytes)

**LODS protection timer:** This attribute, which corresponds to timer TO3 of G.989.3 expressed as an integer number of PHY frame intervals, specifies the duration of time an ONU with configured wavelength channel protection (WLCP = ON) waits in the Intermittent LODS (O6) state before transitioning into the Downstream tuning (O8) state to tune into the pre-configured protection wavelength channel. The default value upon instantiation is 200 (25 ms). (R, W) (mandatory) (4 bytes)

**Downstream tuning timer:** This attribute, which corresponds to timer TO4 of G.989.3 expressed as an integer number of PHY frame intervals, specifies the duration of time an ONU in the Downstream tuning (O8) state attempts to validate the specified target downstream wavelength channel (obtaining DWLCH ok to work), before transitioning into the Initial (O1) state for reactivation. Note that the Rx tuning time proper is included into this interval. The default value upon instantiation is 1000 (125 ms). (R, W) (mandatory) (4 bytes)

**Upstream tuning timer:** This attribute, which corresponds to timer TO5 of G.989.3 expressed as an integer number of PHY frame intervals, specifies the duration of time an ONU in the Upstream tuning (O9) state attempts to obtain the upstream tuning confirmation in the specified target upstream wavelength channel before transitioning into the Initial (O1) state for reactivation. The default value upon instantiation is 1000 (125 ms). (R, W) (mandatory) (4 bytes)

**Location label 1:** This attribute represents the first part of the field, which is written by the OLT to provide the topological location information for the specific OLT channel termination within the operator domain. This attribute is not interpreted by the ONU, but may be used by a dual-managed ONU as a part of an alarm report provided over non-OMCI management channel. (R, W) (mandatory) (24 bytes)

**Location label 2:** This attribute represents the second part of the field, which is written by the OLT to provide the topological location information for the specific OLT channel termination within the operator domain. This attribute is not interpreted by the ONU, but may be used by a dual-managed ONU as a part of an alarm report provided over non-OMCI management channel. (R, W) (mandatory) (24 bytes)

Actions

Get, set.

### TWDM channel managed entity

This managed entity provides an anchor for the MEs involved in collection of performance monitoring statistics per TWDM channel, as stipulated by Clause 14, G.989.3. Instances of this managed entity are instantiated autonomously by the ONU.

Relationships

One or more instances of this managed entity are implicitly associated with the TWDM System profile ME. The number of instances created is announced by the Total TWDM channel number attribute of the TWDM System profile ME.

Attributes

**Managed entity ID:** This attribute uniquely identifies each instance of this managed entity. This two-byte number is represented as 0xSSBB, where SS indicates the ONU slot ID, and BB is the TWDM channel ME number assigned by the ONU itself, starting from 0 in the ascending order. (R) (mandatory) (2 bytes)

**Active channel indication**:A Booleanattribute indicating whether the ME is associated with an active TWDM channel, in which the ONU can receive downstream optical signal and transmit upstream as instructed. The default value is FALSE. The ONU sets the attribute to TRUE, once it first confirms the channel active by successfully attaching to that channel. All TWDM channel MEs associated with a given slot/circuit pack can be active. The ONU reverts the attribute to FALSE, once the OLT withdraws Channel\_Profile PLOAM messages for that channel. (R,) (mandatory) (1 byte)

**Operational channel indication:** A Booleanattribute which is set to TRUE for an active TWDM channel in which the ONT is currently operating. The operational statistics is accumulated in the Performance monitoring history data MEs associated with that TWDM channel. (R) (mandatory) (1 byte)

**Downstream wavelength channel**:For an active TWDM channel, this attribute identifies the downstream wavelength channel in reference to Table 11-2/G.989.2. For an inactive channel it has value 0xFF. (R) (mandatory) (1 byte)

**Upstream wavelength channel**:For an active TWDM channel, this attribute identifies the upstream wavelength channel in reference to Table VIII-5/G.989.2. For an inactive channel its value of 0xFF. (R) (mandatory) (1 byte)

Actions

Get, set.

### Watchdog configuration data managed entity

This managed entity communicates the ONU’s watchdog capabilities, which are applicable for rogue behavior prevention. The ONU implements a watchdog as a self-policing function to monitor its own upstream transmission parameters and to detect potentially adverse conditions in order to prevent behaviors that can manifest themselves as rogue from the OLT perspective. Watchdog config data ME is autonomously instantiated by the ONU upon instantiation of ANI-G ME.

Relationships

An instance of this managed entity is implicitly associated with the ANI-G ME.

Attributes

**Managed entity ID:** This attribute uniquely identifies each instance of this managed entity. Through the identical ME ID, this ME is implicitly associated with an instance of ANI-G ME. (R) (mandatory) (2 bytes)

**Upstream transmission timing drift self-monitoring capability**:This attribute refers to the timing drift of the upstream transmission, expressed as an absolute value measured in the bit periods with respect to the nominal upstream line rate of 2.48832 Gbit/s, regardless of the actual upstream line rate of the ONU. The first two bytes of a four-byte structure contain a minimum monitored value (zero); the second two bytes, the maximum monitored value. The value of 0xFFFFFFFF indicates that the self-monitoring capability is not supported. (R) (mandatory) (4 bytes)

**Upstream transmission wavelength drift self-monitoring capability:** This attribute refers to the frequency drift of the upstream transmission, expressed as an absolute value measured in units of 1 GHz. The first two bytes of a four-byte structure contain a minimum monitored value (zero); the second two bytes, the maximum monitored value; The value of 0xFFFFFFFF indicates that the self-monitoring capability is not supported. (R) (mandatory) (4 bytes)

**Mean in-channel optical power self-monitoring capability**:This attribute refers to the mean launch optical power of burst-mode transmitter in the operating upstream wavelength channel, expressed as 2’s complement in units of 0.1dBm. The first two bytes of a four-byte structure contain the minimum monitored value; the second two bytes, the maximum monitored value. The value of 0xFFFFFFFF indicates that the self-monitoring capability is not supported. (R) (mandatory) (4 bytes)

**Mean out-of-channel optical power spectral density self-monitoring capability**:This attribute refers to the out-of-channel optical power spectral density (OOC-PSD) with respect to the current operating upstream wavelength channel and the spectral averaging interval of 15 GHz, expressed as a positive value in units of 0.1dBm. The first two bytes of a four-byte structure contain the minimum monitored value; the second two bytes, the maximum monitored value; The value of 0xFFFFFFFF indicates that the self-monitoring capability is not supported. (R) (mandatory) (4 bytes)

**Mean optical power spectral density “when not enabled” self-monitoring capability**:This attribute refers to optical power spectral density when not enabled (WNE-PSD) with respect to the spectral averaging interval of 15 GHz, expressed as a positive value in units of 0.1dBm. The first two bytes of a four-byte structure contain the minimum monitored value; the second two bytes, the maximum monitored value. The value of 0xFFFFFFFF indicates that the self-monitoring capability is not supported. (R) (mandatory) (4 bytes)

Actions

Get.

Notifications

None.

### Watchdog performance monitoring history data

This managed entity reports the results of ONU’s self-monitoring of its transmission parameters. Each attribute is an appropriately filtered value based on the most recent observations. Instances of this managed entity are instantiated and deleted by the OLT.

Relationships

An instance of this managed entity is implicitly associated with the ANI-G ME and Watchdog config data ME.

Attributes

**Managed entity ID:** This attribute uniquely identifies each instance of this managed entity. Through an identical ID, this managed entity is implicitly linked to an instance of the TWDM channel ME. (R, Set‑by‑create) (mandatory) (2 bytes)

**Interval end time**:This attribute identifies the most recently finished 15-minute interval. With respect to the Watchdog PM history data ME, this attribute is not used. (R) (mandatory) (1 byte)

**Threshold data****1/2 ID:** This attribute points to an instance of the threshold data1 and 2 managed entities that contains PM threshold values. (R, W, Set‑by‑create) (mandatory) (2 bytes)

**Upstream transmission timing drift**:This attribute reports the self-monitored value based on the recent observations. It is expressed as an absolute value measured in the bit periods with respect to the nominal upstream line rate of 2.48832 Gbit/s, regardless of the actual upstream line rate of the ONU. (R) (mandatory) (2 bytes)

**Upstream transmission wavelength drift:** This attribute reports the self-monitored value based on the recent observations and expressed as an absolute value measured in units of 1 GHz. (R) (mandatory) (2 bytes)

**Mean in-channel optical power**:This attribute reports the self-monitored value based on the recent observations and expressed in units of 0.1dBm. (R) (mandatory) (2 bytes)

**Mean out-of-channel optical power spectral density**:This attribute reports the self-monitored value based on the recent observations and expressed as a positive value in units of 0.1dBm with respect to the spectral averaging interval of 15 GHz. (R) (mandatory) (2 bytes)

**Mean optical power spectral density “when not enabled” short time scale**:This attribute reports the self-monitored short-time peak value based on the recent observations and expressed as a positive value in units of 0.1dBm with respect to the spectral averaging interval of 15 GHz. (R) (mandatory) (2 bytes)

**Mean optical power spectral density “when not enabled” long time scale**:This attribute reports the self-monitored long-time average value based on the recent observations and expressed as a positive value in units of 0.1dBm with respect to the spectral averaging interval of 15 GHz. (R) (mandatory) (2 bytes)

Actions

Create, delete, get, set.

Get current data

Notifications

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| Threshold crossing alert | | |
| Alarm number | Threshold crossing alert | Threshold value attribute # (Note) |
| 0 | Timing draft warning | 1 |
| 1 | Timing drift shut-off | 2 |
| 2 | Wavelength drift warning | 3 |
| 3 | Wavelength drift shut-off | 4 |
| 4 | N/A |  |
| 5 | Transmit optical power too high warning | 6 |
| 6 | Transmit optical power too high shut-off | 7 |
| 7 | OOC-PSD too high warning | 8 |
| 8 | OOC-PSD too high shut-off | 9 |
| 9 | Short time scale WNE-PSD too high warning | 10 |
| 10 | Short time scale WNE-PSD too high shut-off | 11 |
| 11 | Long time average WNE-PSD too high warning | 12 |
| 12 | Long time average WNE-PSD too high shut-off | 13 |
| NOTE – This number associates the TCA with the specified threshold value attribute of the threshold data 1/2 managed entities. | | |

### Flexible Configuration Status Portal

This managed entity provides a means to configure and report status for a wide range of services and applications running on the ONU. The ME is constructed to support IP-based (streaming message) and OMCI-based (block-oriented) management protocols. Only one method would be used for a given service type.

This ME does not have any services specific attributes, deferring these to the details of the configuration table or to IP datagrams. An instance of this managed entity is created by an ONU for each entity that can be supported by this ME. The OLT can create additional instances as needed.

The configuration portal’s structure is not visible to G.988. However the configuration portal is modeled as a table, each row being 25 bytes. The first byte of the row is the row index and is not part of the configuration information.

Relationships

An instance of this managed entity is explicitly associated with the instance of the ME represented by the attributes “Associated ME class” and “Associated ME class instance”.

Attributes

**Managed entity ID:** This attribute uniquely identifies each instance of this managed entity. (R, W) (mandatory) (2 bytes)

**Service Instance**: This attribute identifies the service type and the instance of this services type supported by this ME.

The first two bytes contains the Service Type ID, as documented below.

The third byte identifies the IP protocol to be used to carry the service. 0 = UDP; 1 = TCP; 2 = SCTP; 0xFF means not used (for message based configuration)

The fourth byte identifies the instance of the Service Type ID on the associated ME-class and ME instances. Typically only one instances of a service will be instantiated on a given entity.

The mapping of Service Type ID to service follows IANA “Service Name and Transport Protocol Number Registry”. Services which are not in the registry are assigned specific code points. This specification supports the following Service Type IDs.

.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Service | Service ID | Protocol | Note |
| NETCONF over SSH | 830 | TCP |  |
| IPFIX | 4739 | UDP |  |
| XFP/SFP MSA Data | 0 | 0xFF |  |

(R, W) (mandatory) (4 bytes)

**Configuration Method**: This attribute indicates the configuration/status management method used for this service instance. The two management methods are IP or message based. The management methods for the configuration and the status can be independently set, although typically both would be set to the same value. Bit value of 0 means the configuration and status is carried over an IP path; value of 1 means the configuration and status is carried over the configuration and status portals.

**Bit Meaning**

1. (LSB) Configuration management method

2. Status management method

(R, W) (mandatory) (2 bytes)

**Network Address**: This is a pointer to a network address ME. Used if Configuration Method = 0. Null means network address is not used. (R, W) (mandatory) (2 bytes)

**Administrative State**: This attribute controls the service. The value of 0x00 indicates the service is unlocked, that is, allowed to operate normally. The value of 0x01 indicates the service is locked, that is, should stop. As a rule, the default value upon instantiation is 0x01. (R, W) (mandatory) (1 byte)

**Operational State**: This value represents the operational state of the service. 0 indicates normal operation; 1 indicates stopped; other values are Service Type dependent. (R) (mandatory) (1 bytes)

**Cause for last abnormal halt:** This attribute represents a service type specific code for the last abnormal halt of the service. Writing this attribute clears the setting. The default value is 0xFFFF (halt has not occurred yet) (R, W) (mandatory) (2 bytes)

**Configuration Portal Update Available:** This attribute indicates to the service that new data is available in the Configuration Portal. The default value is 0. The OLT sets the attribute to 1 to indicate new data in the Configuration Portal. This value should be set to non-zero only after the Configuration Portal Result attribute is zero. The OLT sets the attribute to 0 after it reads the Configuration Portal Result attribute having a non-zero value. (R, W) (mandatory) (2 bytes)

**Configuration Portal Table:** This attribute contains configuration information directed from the OLT towards the service. This attribute is used if Configuration Method = 1. Each row of the table is defined as follows

Index into the table (1 byte)

Configuration Information (24 bytes)

The format of the message is service-type dependent. (R, W) (mandatory) (25N bytes)

**Configuration Portal Result:** This attribute reports the status of the service reading the configuration information via the Configuration Portal. 0 indicates not read, 1 indicates read and 2 indicates an internal error on read. The ONT sets the value to 1 or 2 after the Configuration Portal Update Available is set to non-zero and after it has read the data in the Configuration Portal. The ONT sets the value to 0 after it reads the Configuration Portal Update Available attribute is zero. (R, W) (mandatory) (1 byte).

**Status Message Available** This attribute indicates to the OLT that new data is available in the Status Message. The default value is 0. The ONT sets the attribute to N to indicate that the first N bytes of the Status Message contain new data and should occur only when the Status Message Result attribute is zero. The ONT sets the attribute to 0 after it reads the Status Message Result attribute having a non-zero value. (R, W), (mandatory) (2 bytes)

**Status Message:** This attribute contains status information about the service. The format of the message is service-type dependent. The get, get next sequence must be used with this attribute since its size is unspecified. Upon ME instantiation, the ONU sets this attribute to 0. (R) (mandatory) (x bytes)

**Status Message Result:** This attribute reports the status of the OLT reading the Status Message. 0 indicates not read, 1 indicates read. The OLT sets the value to 1 after the Status Message Available is set to 1 and after it has read the data in the Status Message. The OLT sets the value to 0 after it reads the Status Message Available attribute is zero. (R, W) (mandatory) (1 byte).

**Associated ME Class:** This attribute identifies the ME class that this ME is associated with. (R, W) (mandatory) (2 bytes)

**Associated ME Class Instance:** This attribute identifies the instance of the Associated ME Class that this ME is associated with. (R, W) (mandatory) (2 bytes)

Actions

Create, Delete, Get, Set, Get Next, Set table (optional)

Notifications

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| Attribute value change | | |
| Number | Attribute value change | Description |
| 5 | Operational Status | Change in operational state of the service |
| 09 | Configuration Portal Result | Change in the Configuration Portal Result attribute |
| 10 | Status Message Available | Change in the Status Message Available attribute |

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| Alarms | | |
| Number | Alarm | Description |
| 0 | Receive Configuration Timeout | ONU service has not received expected configuration information. |
| 1 | Status Acknowledgement timeout | ONU service has not received update on status result |
| 2 | Service requires attention – medium | ONU service has an error condition that requires attendtion; medium priority |
| 3 | Service requires attention - high | ONU service has an error condition that requires immediate attendtion; high priority |

### Flexible Configuration Status Portal PM history data

This managed entity provides statistics for the flexible configuration status portal. This ME is created by the OLT.

Relationships

An instance of this managed entity is implicitly associated with the instance of the Flexible Configuration Status Portal ME.

Attributes

**Managed entity ID:** This attribute uniquely identifies each instance of this managed entity. Through an identical ID, this managed entity is implicitly linked to an instance of the Flexible Configuration Status Portal. (R, SBC) (mandatory) (2 bytes)

**Service Up Time**: This attribute reports the number of seconds this service has been instantiated. (R) (mandatory) (4 bytes)

**Number of Configuration Octets Received**: This attribute reports the number of configuration octets received. (R) (mandatory) (8 bytes)

**Number of Configuration Messages Received**: This attribute reports the number of configuration messages received. (R) (mandatory) (8 bytes)

**Number of Status Octets Transmitted**: This attribute reports the number of status octets transmitted. (R) (mandatory) (8 bytes)

**Number of Status Messages Transmitted**: This attribute reports the number of status messages transmitted. (R) (mandatory) (8 bytes)

Actions

Create, Delete, Get, Set.

### ONU3-G

This managed entity contains additional attributes and alarms associated with a PON ONU. The ONU automatically creates an instance of this managed entity. Its attributes are populated according to data within the ONU itself.

Upon instantiation of this ME, the Total number of status snapshots *S*, the Number of valid status snapshots *M*, and Next status snapshot index *K* are populated from the non-volatile memory. If the non-volatile memory values are not available (e.g., at the initialization of an off-the-shelf ONU), the Total number of status snapshots attribute is set to the maximum size of status snapshot record table the ONU can maintain., which a static capability parameter, while both the Number of valid status snapshots and the Next status snapshot index attributes are set to zero.

The Status snapshot record table is implemented as a circular buffer containing up to *S* record of size *N*. The size and format of the snapshot record are vendor-specific. Each time the ONU takes and stores a status snapshot, it increments the the Number of valid status snapshots *M*, saturating at *S*, and increments Next status snapshot index *K* in modulo *S*:

*K* := (*K*+1) mod *S*.

By writing into the Snap action attribute, the OLT instructs the ONU to immediately take a status snapshot and to store it in the Status snapshot table. By writing into Reset action attribute, the OLT instructs the ONU to erase the Status snapshot record table. The OLT uses the attribute value change indication of the Next status snapshot index and Number of valid status snapshots attributes to confirm that its instructions have been executed by the ONU. If the OLT has issued no Snap action instructions, a change in the value of Next status snapshot index attributes between two consecutive reads indicates that a condition has arisen that has caused the ONU to record a status snapshot.

Two table attributes, the Status snapshot record table, and the Most recent status snapshot, provide the OLT access the status snapshot records. The former allows to retrieve the entire Status snapshot record table, the latter provide a quick access to the latest snapshot record.

By performing the Get operation on the Most recent status snapshot, the OLT can obtain the vendor-specific size of an individual snapshot record. The OLT is expected to pass the status snapshot records transparently, without parsing or interpreting them.

Relationships

This managed entity is associated with the ONU-G managed entity.

Attributes

**Managed entity ID:** This attribute uniquely identifies each instance of this managed entity. There is only one instance, number 0. (R) (mandatory) (2 bytes)

**Flash memory performance value:** A number in the range from 0 to 100 that characterizes the condition of the flash memory, with 0 representing factory fresh device, 100 representing end of life. (R) (mandatory) (1 byte)

**Latest restart reason:** The following code points are defined:

0x00 – Unspecified other;

0x01 – User initiated software restart;

0x02 – User initiated hardware restart;

0x03 – Self-monitor timer expiration;

0x04 – Hardware error (bus time-out, misaligned memory access, etc);

0x05 – Hardware auto-restart (on-board voltage monitor auto-restart, etc.);

0x06 – Over temperature;

0x07 – Software out of memory;

0x08 – Software auto-restart (unresolvable references, critical internal inconsistency);

0x09..0xDC – Reserved for future use;

0xDD..0xFF – Reserved for the ONU vendor use (requires documentation in the public domain).

Other codepoints reserved. (R) (mandatory) (1 byte)

**Total number of status snapshots:** The maximum size *S* ofstatus snapshot record table. (R) (mandatory) (2 bytes)

**Number of valid status snapshots:** The number *M* of valid status snapshot records. (R) (mandatory) (2 bytes)

**Next status snapshot index:** This attribute identifies the index (ranging from 0 to *S* -- 1) of the next snapshot record to be taken in the snapshot record table. (R,) (mandatory) (2 bytes)

**Status snapshot record table:** The table of *M* status snapshot records. The size *N* and format of the snapshot record is vendor dependent. (R) (mandatory) (MxN bytes)

**Snap action**: Once the OLT writes this attribute, the ONU takes and records an urgent snapshot without shutting down the transceiver. (W) (mandatory) (1 byte)

**Most recent status snapshot:** This attribute provides access to the most recently taken status snapshot record. (R) (mandatory) (N bytes)

**Reset action**: Once the OLT writes this attribute, the ONU sets the Number of valid status snapshots and Next status snapshot index attributes to zero. (W) (mandatory) (1 byte)

Actions

**Get, Get-next, set**

Notifications

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| Attribute value change | | |
| Number | Attribute value change | Description |
| 1 | Flash mem perf | Flash memory performance value change |
| 2 | N/A |  |
| 3 | N/A |  |
| 4 | No of valid snapshots | A new snapshot has been recorded |
| 5 | N/A |  |
| 6 | N/A |  |
| 7 | N/A |  |
| 8..16 | Reserved |  |

| Alarm | | |
| --- | --- | --- |
| Alarm number | Alarm | Description |
| 0 | Flash memory performance yellow |  |
| 1 | Flash memory performance red |  |
| 2 | Loss of redundant power supply | In an ONU with redundant power supplies, an indication of the loss of one of the two redundant power supplies. |
| 3 | Loss of redundant power feed | In an ONU with dual -48VDC power feeds, an indication of the loss of one of the two power feeds. |
| 4 | Ground Fault | Ground fault; ONU has detected a loss of grounding or a degradation in the ground connection. |

## SIP Alarms

The alarms required by VZ SIP UNI spec are partially supported by G.988 VoIP config data (138) ME, and are partially incorporated into IP host PM history data (135) ME (DHCP-related alarm specifically) and VoIP config data (138) ME. One new ME covers the alarms associated with the SIP application server.

### SIP UNI Application Server Alarm Status

The SIP UNI Application Server Alarm Status managed entity reports the Application Server alarms defined by the VZ SIP UNI Specification (section 7.1.2) when implemented by ONTs. The entity is required for ONTs that offer SIP-based VoIP services on per POTS UNI port.

An ONT that is configured for SIP-based VoIP services automatically creates an instance of this managed entity for each POTS UNI port.

Note: some alarms described in the VZ SIP UNI Specification are already covered by the VoIP Configure Data ME.

There are two types of alarms defined in this ME:

1. REG: Registration server alarms
2. INVITE: Notify Alarms

Relationships

One instance of this managed entity is associated withan instance of PPTP POTS UNI Managed entity.

Attributes

**Managed entity ID:** This attribute uniquely identifies each instance of this managed entity. Through an identical Managed entity ID, this ME is implicitly linked to an instance of the PPTP POTS UNI ME (R) (mandatory) (2 bytes)

Actions

Get, set

Notifications

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| Alarm | | |
| Alarm number | Alarm | Description |
| 0 | REG Domain Name | Cannot resolve domain name |
| 1 | REG ICMP | ICMP Error (Destination unreachable, TTL exceeded, etc.) |
| 2 | REG TCP | Cannot open TCP Socket |
| 3 | REG TLS | Cannot establish TLS session (e.g., cannot validate server certificate) |
| 4 | REG Auth | Cannot authenticate (e.g., requires authorization but no credentials have been provisioned or credentials are not accepted) |
| 5 | REG Timeout | Request and all attempted retransmissions timed out |
| 6 | REG Fail | Failure response received from server |
| 7..9 | Reserved | Reserved for future SUBSCRIPTION alarms |
| 10 | INVITE Domain Name | Cannot resolve domain name |
| 11 | INVITE ICMP | ICMP Error (Destination unreachable, TTL exceeded, etc.) |
| 12 | INVITE TCP | Cannot open TCP Socket |
| 13 | INVITE TLS | Cannot establish TLS session (e.g., cannot validate server certificate) |
| 14 | INVITE Auth | Cannot authenticate (e.g., requires authorization but no credentials have been provisioned or credentials are not accepted) |
| 15 | INVITE Timeout | Request and all attempted retransmissions timed out |
| 16 | INVITE Fail | Failure response received from server (except that 480 and 486 are not to be considered failure responses for the purpose of this alarm) |
| 28-233 | Reserved | Reserved for future CONFIGURATION alarms |

## MEs supporting G.989.3 Clause 14 performance monitoring

### TWDM channel PHY/LODS performance monitoring history data

This managed entity collects certain performance monitoring data associated with the slot/circuit pack, hosting one or more ANI-G MEs, and a specific TWDM channel. Instances of this managed entity are created and deleted by the OLT.

For a complete discussion of generic PM architecture, refer to clause I.4.

Relationships

An instance of this managed entity is associated with an instance of TWDM channel managed entity.

Attributes

**Managed entity ID:** This attribute uniquely identifies each instance of this managed entity. Through an identical ID, this managed entity is implicitly linked to an instance of the TWDM channel ME. (R, Set‑by‑create) (mandatory) (2 bytes)

**Interval end time**:This attribute identifies the most recently finished 15-minute interval. (R) (mandatory) (1 byte)

**Threshold data****1/2 ID:** This attribute points to an instance of the threshold data1 and 2 managed entities that contains PM threshold values. (R, W, Set‑by‑create) (mandatory) (2 bytes)

**Total received words protected by BIP-32**: The count of 4-byte words included in BIP-32 check. This is a product of the number of downstream FS frames received by the size of the downstream FS frame after the FEC parity byte, if any, have been removed. The count applies to the entire downstream data flow, whether or not addressed to that ONT. (R) (mandatory) (8 bytes)

**BIP-32 bit error count:** Count of the bit errors in the received downstream FS frames as measured using BIP-32. If FEC is supported in the downstream direction, the BIP-32 count applies to the downstream FS frame after the FEC correction has been applied and the FEC parity bytes have been removed. (R) (mandatory) (4 bytes)

**Corrected PSBd HEC error count**:The count of the errors in either CFC or OCS fields of the PSBd block which have been corrected using the HEC technique. (R) (mandatory) (4 bytes)

**Uncorrectable PSBd HEC error count**:The count of the errors in either CFC or OCS fields of the PSBd block which could not be corrected using the HEC technique. (R) (mandatory) (4 bytes)

**Corrected downstream FS header HEC error count**:The count of the errors in the downstream FS header which have been corrected using the HEC technique. (R) (mandatory) (4 bytes)

**Uncorrectable downstream FS header HEC error count**:The count of the errors in the downstream FS header which could not be corrected using the HEC technique. (R) (mandatory) (4 bytes)

**Total number of LODS events:** The count of the state transitions from O5.1/O5.2 to O6, referring to the ONU activation cycle state machine, Clause 12/G.989.3. (R) (mandatory) (4 bytes)

**LODS events restored in operating TWDM channel:** The count of LODS events cleared automatically without retuning. (R) (mandatory) (4 bytes)

**LODS events restored in protection TWDM channel:** The count of LODS events resolved by retuning to a pre-configured protection TWDM channel. The event is counted against the original operating channel. (R) (mandatory) (4 bytes)

**LODS events restored in discretionary TWDM channel:** The count of LODS events resolved by retuning to a TWDM channel chosen by the ONU, without retuning. Implies that the Wavelength channel protection for the operating channel is not active. The event is counted against the original operating channel (R) (mandatory) (4 bytes)

**LODS events resulting in reactivation:** The count of LODS events resolved through ONU reactivation; that is, either TO2 (without WLCP) or TO3+TO4 (with WLCP) expire before the downstream channel is reacquired, referring to the ONU activation cycle state machine, Clause 12/G.989.3. The event is counted against the original operating channel (R) (mandatory) (4 bytes)

**LODS events resulting in reactivation after retuning to protection TWDM channel:** The count of LODS events resolved through ONU reactivation after attempted protection switching, which turns unsuccessful due to a handshake failure. (R) (mandatory) (4 bytes)

**LODS events resulting in reactivation after retuning to discretionary TWDM channel:** The count of LODS events resolved through ONU reactivation after attempted retuning to a discretionary channel, which turns unsuccessful due to a handshake failure. (R) (mandatory) (4 bytes)

Actions

Create, delete, get, set

Get current data

Notifications

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| Threshold crossing alert | | |
| Alarm number | Threshold crossing alert | Threshold value attribute # (Note) |
| 0 | N/A |  |
| 1 | BIP-32 bit error count | 2 |
| 2 | PSBd HEC errors – corrected | 3 |
| 3 | PSBd HEC errors – uncorrectable | 4 |
| 4 | FS header errors – corrected | 5 |
| 5 | FS header errors – uncorrectable | 6 |
| 6 | Total LODS event count | 7 |
| 7 | LODS – restored in operating TWDM ch. | 8 |
| 8 | LODS – restored in protection TWDM ch. | 9 |
| 9 | LODS – restored in discretionary TWDM ch. | 10 |
| 10 | LODS -- reactivations | 11 |
| 11 | LODS – handshake failure in protection ch. | 12 |
| 12 | LODS – handshake failure in discretionary ch. | 13 |
| NOTE – This number associates the TCA with the specified threshold value attribute of the threshold data 1/2 managed entities. | | |

### TWDM channel FEC performance monitoring history data

This managed entity attributes and notifications are completely identical to those of the FEC PM history data ME defined in section 9.2.9/G.988. Therefore, the latter can be reused in the context of NG-PON2 systems, provided its ME ID should be implicitly associated with the instances of TWDM channel ME, rather than ANI-G ME.

### TWDM channel XGEM performance monitoring history data

This managed entity collects certain XGEM-related performance monitoring data associated with the slot/circuit pack, hosting one or more ANI-G MEs, for a specific TWDM channel. Instances of this managed entity are created and deleted by the OLT.

For a complete discussion of generic PM architecture, refer to clause I.4.

Relationships

An instance of this managed entity is associated with an instance of TWDM channel managed entity.

Attributes

**Managed entity ID:** This attribute uniquely identifies each instance of this managed entity. Through an identical ID, this managed entity is implicitly linked to an instance of the TWDM channel ME. (R, Set‑by‑create) (mandatory) (2 bytes)

**Interval end time**:This attribute identifies the most recently finished 15-minute interval. (R) (mandatory) (1 byte)

**Threshold data****1/2 ID:** This attribute points to an instance of the threshold data1 and 2 managed entities that contains PM threshold values. (R, W, Set‑by‑create) (mandatory) (2 bytes)

**Total transmitted XGEM frames**:The counter aggregated across all XGEM ports of the given ONU. (R) (mandatory) (8 byte)

**Transmitted XGEM frames with LF bit not set:** The counter aggregated across all XGEM ports of the given ONU identifies the number of fragmentation operations. (R) (mandatory) (8 byte)

**Total received XGEM frames**:The counter aggregated across all XGEM ports of the given ONU. (R) (mandatory) (8 byte)

**Received XGEM frames with XGEM header HEC errors**:The counter aggregated across all XGEM ports of the given ONU identifies the number of loss XGEM frame delineation events. (R) (mandatory) (8 byte)

**FS words lost to XGEM header HEC errors:** The counter of the FS frane words lost due to XGEM frame header errors that cause loss of XGEM frame delineation. (R) (mandatory) (8 byte)

**XGEM encryption key errors:** The counter aggregated across all XGEM ports of the given ONU identifies the number of received XGEM frames that have to be discarded because of unknown or invalid encryption key. The number is included into the Total received XGEM frame count above. (R) (mandatory) (8 byte)

**Total transmitted bytes in non-idle XGEM frames:** The counter aggregated across all XGEM ports of the given. (R) (mandatory) (8 byte)

**Total received bytes in non-idle XGEM frames:** The counter aggregated across all XGEM ports of the given ONU. (R) (mandatory) (8 byte)

Actions

Create, delete, get, set

Get current data

Notifications

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| Threshold crossing alert | | |
| Alarm number | Threshold crossing alert | Threshold value attribute # (Note) |
| 0 | N/A |  |
| 1 | N/A |  |
| 2 | N/A |  |
| 3 | Received XGEM header HEC errors | 4 |
| 4 | FS words lost to XGEM header HEC errors | 5 |
| 5 | XGEM encryption key errors | 6 |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
| NOTE – This number associates the TCA with the specified threshold value attribute of the threshold data 1/2 managed entities. | | |

### TWDM channel PLOAM performance monitoring history data part 1

This managed entity collects certain PLOAM-related performance monitoring data associated with the slot/circuit pack, hosting one or more ANI-G MEs, for a specific TWDM channel. Instances of this managed entity are created and deleted by the OLT.

The downstream PLOAM message counts of this ME include only the received PLOAM messages pertaining to the given ONU, that is:

* Unicast PLOAM messages, addressed by ONU-ID;
* Broadcast PLOAM messages, addressed by Serial Number;
* Broadcast PLOAM messages, addressed to all ONUs on the PON.

This ME includes all PLOAM PM counters characterized as **mandatory** in Clause 14/G.989.3.

For a complete discussion of generic PM architecture, refer to clause I.4.

Relationships

An instance of this managed entity is associated with an instance of TWDM channel managed entity.

Attributes

**Managed entity ID:** This attribute uniquely identifies each instance of this managed entity. Through an identical ID, this managed entity is implicitly linked to an instance of the TWDM channel ME. (R, Set‑by‑create) (mandatory) (2 bytes)

**Interval end time**:This attribute identifies the most recently finished 15-minute interval. (R) (mandatory) (1 byte)

**Threshold data****1/2 ID:** This attribute points to an instance of the threshold data1 and 2 managed entities that contains PM threshold values. (R, W, Set‑by‑create) (mandatory) (2 bytes)

**PLOAM MIC errors:** The counter of received PLOAM messages that remain unparseable due to MIC error. (R) (mandatory) (4 byte)

**Downstream PLOAM message count**:The counter of received broadcast and unicast PLOAM messages pertaining to the given ONU. (R) (mandatory) (4 byte)

**Ranging\_Time message count**:The counter of received Ranging\_Time PLOAM messages. (R) (mandatory) (4 byte)

**Protection\_Control message count**:The counter of received Protection\_Control PLOAM messages. (R) (mandatory) (4 byte)

**Adjust\_Tx\_Wavelength message count**:The counter of received Adjust\_Tx\_Wavelength PLOAM messages. (R) (mandatory) (4 byte)

**Adjust\_Tx\_Wavelength adjustment amplitude**:An estimator of the absolute value of the transmission wavelength adjustment. (R) (mandatory) (4 byte)

Actions

Create, delete, get, set

Get current data

Notifications

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| Threshold crossing alert | | |
| Alarm number | Threshold crossing alert | Threshold value attribute # (Note) |
| 0 | PLOAM MIC errors | 1 |
| NOTE – This number associates the TCA with the specified threshold value attribute of the threshold data 1/2 managed entities. | | |

### TWDM channel PLOAM performance monitoring history data part 2

This managed entity collects additional PLOAM-related performance monitoring data associated with the slot/circuit pack, hosting one or more ANI-G MEs, for a specific TWDM channel. Instances of this managed entity are created and deleted by the OLT.

The downstream PLOAM message counts of this ME include only the received PLOAM messages pertaining to the given ONU, that is:

* Unicast PLOAM messages, addressed by ONU-ID;
* Broadcast PLOAM messages, addressed by Serial Number;
* Broadcast PLOAM messages, addressed to all ONUs on the PON.

All these counters are characterized as **optional** in Clause 14/G.989.3.

For a complete discussion of generic PM architecture, refer to clause I.4.

Relationships

An instance of this managed entity is associated with an instance of TWDM channel managed entity.

Attributes

**Managed entity ID:** This attribute uniquely identifies each instance of this managed entity. Through an identical ID, this managed entity is implicitly linked to an instance of the TWDM channel ME. (R, Set‑by‑create) (mandatory) (2 bytes)

**Interval end time**:This attribute identifies the most recently finished 15-minute interval. (R) (mandatory) (1 byte)

**Threshold data****1/2 ID:** This attribute points to an instance of the threshold data1 and 2 managed entities that contains PM threshold values. (R, W, Set‑by‑create) (mandatory) (2 bytes)

**System\_Profile message count**:The counter of received System\_Profile PLOAM messages. (R) (mandatory) (4 byte)

**Channel\_Profile message count**:The counter of received Channel\_Profile PLOAM messages. (R) (mandatory) (4 byte)

**Burst\_Profile message count**:The counter of received Burst\_Profile PLOAM messages. (R) (mandatory) (4 byte)

**Assign\_ONU-ID message count**:The counter of received Assign\_ONU-ID PLOAM messages. (R) (mandatory) (4 byte)

**Unsatisfied Adjust\_Tx\_Wavelength requests**:The counter of Adjust\_Tx\_Wavelength requests not applied or partially applied due to target US wavelength being out of Tx tuning range. (R) (mandatory) (4 byte)

**Deactivate\_ONU-ID message count**:The counter of received Deactivate\_ONU-ID PLOAM messages. (R) (mandatory) (4 byte)

**Disable\_Serial\_Number message count**:The counter of received Disable\_Serial\_Number PLOAM messages. (R) (mandatory) (4 byte)

**Request\_Registration message count**:The counter of received Request\_Registration PLOAM messages. (R) (mandatory) (4 byte)

**Assign\_Alloc-ID message count**:The counter of received Assign\_Alloc-ID PLOAM messages. (R) (mandatory) (4 byte)

**Key\_Control message count**:The counter of received Key\_Control PLOAM messages. (R) (mandatory) (4 byte)

**Sleep\_Allow message count**:The counter of received Sleep\_Allow PLOAM messages. (R) (mandatory) (4 byte)

**Tuning\_Control/Request message count**:The counter of received Tuning\_Control PLOAM messages with Request operation code. (R) (mandatory) (4 byte)

**Tuning\_Control/Complete\_d message count**:The counter of received Tuning\_Control PLOAM messages with Complete\_d operation code. (R) (mandatory) (4 byte)

**Calibration\_Request message count**:The counter of received Calibration\_Request PLOAM messages. (R) (mandatory) (4 byte)

Actions

Create, delete, get, set

Get current data

Notifications

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| Threshold crossing alert | | |
| Alarm number | Threshold crossing alert | Threshold value attribute # (Note) |
| 0 | N/A |  |
| 1 | N/A |  |
| 2 | N/A |  |
| 3 | N/A |  |
| 4 | Unsatisfied Adjust\_Tx\_Wavelength requests | 5 |
| NOTE – This number associates the TCA with the specified threshold value attribute of the threshold data 1/2 managed entities. | | |

### TWDM channel PLOAM performance monitoring history data part 3

This managed entity collects remaining PLOAM-related performance monitoring data associated with the slot/circuit pack, hosting one or more ANI-G MEs, for a specific TWDM channel. Instances of this managed entity are created and deleted by the OLT.

This ME contains the counters related to transmitted upstream PLOAM messages. All these counters are characterized as **optional** in Clause 14/G.989.3.

For a complete discussion of generic PM architecture, refer to clause I.4.

Relationships

An instance of this managed entity is associated with an instance of TWDM channel managed entity.

Attributes

**Managed entity ID:** This attribute uniquely identifies each instance of this managed entity. Through an identical ID, this managed entity is implicitly linked to an instance of the TWDM channel ME. (R, Set‑by‑create) (mandatory) (2 bytes)

**Interval end time**:This attribute identifies the most recently finished 15-minute interval. (R) (mandatory) (1 byte)

**Threshold data****1/2 ID:** This attribute points to an instance of the threshold data1 and 2 managed entities that contains PM threshold values. (R, W, Set‑by‑create) (mandatory) (2 bytes)

**Upstream PLOAM message count**:The aggregate counter of PLOAM messages, other than Acknowledgement PLOAM message type, transmitted by the given ONU. (R) (mandatory) (4 byte)

**Serial\_Number\_ONU (in-band) message count**:The counter of transmitted in-band Serial\_Number\_ONU PLOAM messages. (R) (mandatory) (4 byte)

**Serial\_Number\_ONU (AMCC) message count**:The counter of transmitted AMCC channel Serial\_Number\_ONU PLOAM messages. (R) (mandatory) (4 byte)

**Registration message count**:The counter of transmitted Registration PLOAM messages. (R) (mandatory) (4 byte)

**Key\_Report message count**:The counter of transmitted Key\_Report PLOAM messages. (R) (mandatory) (4 byte)

**Acknowledgement message count**:The counter of transmitted Registration PLOAM messages. (R) (mandatory) (4 byte)

**Sleep\_Request message count**:The counter of transmitted Sleep\_Request PLOAM messages. (R) (mandatory) (4 byte)

**Tuning\_Response (ACK/NACK) message count**:The counter of transmitted Tuning\_Response PLOAM messages with ACK/NACK operation code. (R) (mandatory) (4 byte)

**Tuning\_Response (Complete\_u/Rollback) message count**:The counter of transmitted Tuning\_Response PLOAM messages with Complete\_u/Rollback operation code. (R) (mandatory) (4 byte)

**Power\_Consumption\_Report message count**:The counter of transmitted Power\_Consumption\_Report PLOAM messages. (R) (mandatory) (4 byte)

**Change\_Power\_Level parameter error count**:The counter of transmitted Acknowledgement PLOAM messages with Parameter Error completion code in response to Change\_Power\_Level PLOAM message. (R) (mandatory) (4 byte)

Actions

Create, delete, get, set

Get current data

Notifications

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| Threshold crossing alert | | |
| Alarm number | Threshold crossing alert | Threshold value attribute # (Note) |
| 0 |  | 1 |
| 1 |  | 2 |
| 2 |  | 3 |
| 3 |  | 4 |
| 4 |  | 5 |
| 5 |  | 6 |
| 6 |  | 7 |
| 7 |  | 8 |
| 8 |  | 9 |
| 9 | Change\_Power\_Level parameter error count | 10 |
| NOTE – This number associates the TCA with the specified threshold value attribute of the threshold data 1/2 managed entities. | | |

### TWDM channel tuning performance monitoring history data part 1

This managed entity collects certain tuning-control-related performance monitoring data associated with the slot/circuit pack, hosting one or more ANI-G MEs, for a specific TWDM channel. Instances of this managed entity are created and deleted by the OLT.

The relevant events this ME is concerned with are counted towards the performance monitoring statistics associated with the source TWDM channel. The attribute descriptions refer to the ONU activation cycle states and timers specified in Clause 12/G.989.3. This ME contains the counters characterized as **mandatory** in Clause 14/G.989.3.

For a complete discussion of generic PM architecture, refer to clause I.4.

Relationships

An instance of this managed entity is associated with an instance of TWDM channel managed entity.

Attributes

**Managed entity ID:** This attribute uniquely identifies each instance of this managed entity. Through an identical ID, this managed entity is implicitly linked to an instance of the TWDM channel ME. (R, Set‑by‑create) (mandatory) (2 bytes)

**Interval end time**:This attribute identifies the most recently finished 15-minute interval. (R) (mandatory) (1 byte)

**Threshold data****1/2 ID:** This attribute points to an instance of the threshold data1 and 2 managed entities that contains PM threshold values. (R, W, Set‑by‑create) (mandatory) (2 bytes)

**Tuning control requests for Rx only or Rx and Tx:** The counter of received Tuning\_Control PLOAM messages with Request operation code that contain tuning instructions either for receiver only or for both received and transmitter. (R) (mandatory) (4 byte)

**Tuning control requests for Tx only:** The counter of received Tuning\_Control PLOAM messages with Request operation code that contain tuning instructions for transmitter only. (R) (mandatory) (4 byte)

**Tuning control requests rejected/INT\_SFC:** The counter of transmitted Tuning\_Response PLOAM messages with NACK operation code and INT\_SFC response code, indicating inability to start transceiver tuning by the specified time (SFC). (R) (mandatory) (4 byte)

**Tuning control requests rejected/DS\_xxx:** The aggregate counter of transmitted Tuning\_Response PLOAM messages with NACK operation code and any DS\_xxx response code, indicating target downstream wavelength channel inconsistency. (R) (mandatory) (4 byte)

**Tuning control requests rejected/US\_xxx:** The aggregate counter of transmitted Tuning\_Response PLOAM messages with NACK operation code and any US\_xxx response code, indicating target upstream wavelength channel inconsistency. (R) (mandatory) (4 byte)

**Tuning control requests fulfilled with ONU reacquired at target channel:** The counter of controlled tuning attempts for which an upstream tuning confirmation has been obtained in the target channel. (R) (mandatory) (4 byte)

**Tuning control requests failed due to target DS wavelength channel not found:** The counter of controlled tuning attempts that failed due to timer TO4 expiration in the DS Tuning state (O8) in the target channel. (R) (mandatory) (4 byte)

**Tuning control requests failed due to no feedback in target DS wavelength channel:** The counter of controlled tuning attempts that failed due to timer TO5 expiration in the US Tuning state (O9) in the target channel. (R) (mandatory) (4 byte)

**Tuning control requests resolved with ONU reacquired at discretionary channel:** The counter of controlled tuning attempts for which an upstream tuning confirmation has been obtained in the discretionary channel. (R) (mandatory) (4 byte)

**Tuning control requests Rollback/COM\_DS:** The counter of controlled tuning attempts that failed due to communication condition in the target channel, as indicated by the Tuning\_Response PLOAM message with Rollback operation code and COM\_DS response code. (R) (mandatory) (4 byte)

**Tuning control requests Rollback/DS\_xxx:** The aggregate counter of controlled tuning attempts that failed due to target downstream wavelength channel inconsistency, as indicated by the Tuning\_Response PLOAM message with Rollback operation code and any DS\_xxx response code. (R) (mandatory) (4 byte)

**Tuning control requests Rollback/US\_xxx:** The aggregate counter of controlled tuning attempts that failed due to target upstream wavelength channel parameter violation, as indicated by the Tuning\_Response PLOAM message with Rollback operation code and US\_xxx response code. (R) (mandatory) (4 byte)

**Tuning control requests failed with ONU reactivation:** The counter of controlled tuning attempts that failed on any reason, with expiration of timers TO4 or TO5 causing the ONU transition into state O1. (R) (mandatory) (4 byte)

Actions

Create, delete, get, set

Get current data

Notifications

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| Threshold crossing alert | | |
| Alarm number | Threshold crossing alert | Threshold value attribute # (Note) |
| 0 |  | 1 |
| 1 |  | 2 |
| 2 | Tuning control requests rejected/INT\_SPC | 3 |
| 3 | Tuning control requests rejected/DS\_xxx | 4 |
| 4 | Tuning control requests rejected/US\_xxx | 5 |
| 5 |  | 6 |
| 6 | Tuning control requests failed/TO4 exp. | 7 |
| 7 | Tuning control requests failed/TO5 exp. | 8 |
| 8 |  | 9 |
| 9 | Tuning control requests Rollback/COM\_DS | 10 |
| 10 | Tuning control requests Rollback/DS\_xxx | 11 |
| 11 | Tuning control requests Rollback/US\_xxx | 12 |
| 12 | Tuning control requests failed/Reactivation | 13 |
| NOTE – This number associates the TCA with the specified threshold value attribute of the threshold data 1/2 managed entities. | | |

### TWDM channel tuning performance monitoring history data part 2

This managed entity collects additional tuning-control-related performance monitoring data associated with the slot/circuit pack, hosting one or more ANI-G MEs, for a specific TWDM channel. Instances of this managed entity are created and deleted by the OLT.

The relevant events this ME is concerned with are counted towards the performance monitoring statistics associated with the source TWDM channel. This ME contains the counters characterized as **optional** in Clause 14/G.989.3.

For a complete discussion of generic PM architecture, refer to clause I.4.

Relationships

An instance of this managed entity is associated with an instance of TWDM channel managed entity.

Attributes

**Managed entity ID:** This attribute uniquely identifies each instance of this managed entity. Through an identical ID, this managed entity is implicitly linked to an instance of the TWDM channel ME. (R, Set‑by‑create) (mandatory) (2 bytes)

**Interval end time**:This attribute identifies the most recently finished 15-minute interval. (R) (mandatory) (1 byte)

**Threshold data****1/2 ID:** This attribute points to an instance of the threshold data1 and 2 managed entities that contains PM threshold values. (R, W, Set‑by‑create) (mandatory) (2 bytes)

**Tuning control requests rejected/DS\_ALBL:** The counter of transmitted Tuning\_Response PLOAM messages with NACK operation code and DS\_ALBL response code, indicating downstream administrative label inconsistency. (R) (mandatory) (4 byte)

**Tuning control requests rejected/DS\_VOID:** The counter of transmitted Tuning\_Response PLOAM messages with NACK operation code and DS\_VOID response code, indicating that the target downstream wavelength channel descriptor is void. (R) (mandatory) (4 byte)

**Tuning control requests rejected/DS\_PART:** The counter of transmitted Tuning\_Response PLOAM messages with NACK operation code and DS\_PART response code, indicating that tuning request involves channel partition violation. (R) (mandatory) (4 byte)

**Tuning control requests rejected/DS\_TUNR:** The counter of transmitted Tuning\_Response PLOAM messages with NACK operation code and DS\_TUNR response code, indicating that the target DS wavelength channel is out of receiver tuning range. (R) (mandatory) (4 byte)

**Tuning control requests rejected/DS\_LNRT:** The counter of transmitted Tuning\_Response PLOAM messages with NACK operation code and DS\_LNRT response code, indicating the downstream line rate inconsistency in the target channel. (R) (mandatory) (4 byte)

**Tuning control requests rejected/DS\_LNCD:** The counter of transmitted Tuning\_Response PLOAM messages with NACK operation code and DS\_LNCD response code, indicating the downstream line code inconsistency in the target channel. (R) (mandatory) (4 byte)

**Tuning control requests rejected/US\_ALBL:** The counter of transmitted Tuning\_Response PLOAM messages with NACK operation code and US\_ALBL response code, indicating the upstream administrative label inconsistency. (R) (mandatory) (4 byte)

**Tuning control requests rejected/US\_VOID:** The counter of transmitted Tuning\_Response PLOAM messages with NACK operation code and US\_VOID response code, indicating that the target upstream wavelength channel descriptor is void. (R) (mandatory) (4 byte)

**Tuning control requests rejected/US\_TUNR:** The counter of transmitted Tuning\_Response PLOAM messages with NACK operation code and US\_TUNR response code, indicating that the target US wavelength channel is out of transmitter tuning range. (R) (mandatory) (4 byte)

**Tuning control requests rejected/US\_CLBR:** The counter of transmitted Tuning\_Response PLOAM messages with NACK operation code and US\_CLBR response code, indicating that the transmitter has insufficient calibration accuracy in the target US wavelength channel. (R) (mandatory) (4 byte)

**Tuning control requests rejected/US\_LKTP:** The counter of transmitted Tuning\_Response PLOAM messages with NACK operation code and US\_LKTP response code, indicating the upstream optical link type inconsistency. (R) (mandatory) (4 byte)

**Tuning control requests rejected/US\_LNRT:** The counter of transmitted Tuning\_Response PLOAM messages with NACK operation code and US\_LNRT response code, indicating the upstream line rate inconsistency in the target channel. (R) (mandatory) (4 byte)

**Tuning control requests rejected/US\_LNCD:** The counter of transmitted Tuning\_Response PLOAM messages with NACK operation code and US\_LNCD response code, indicating the upstream line code inconsistency in the target channel. (R) (mandatory) (4 byte)

Actions

Create, delete, get, set

Get current data

Notifications

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| Threshold crossing alert | | |
| Alarm number | Threshold crossing alert | Threshold value attribute # (Note) |
| 0 | Tuning control requests rejected/DS\_ALBL | 1 |
| 1 | Tuning control requests rejected/DS\_VOID | 2 |
| 2 | Tuning control requests rejected/DS\_PART | 3 |
| 3 | Tuning control requests rejected/DS\_TUNR | 4 |
| 4 | Tuning control requests rejected/DS\_LNRT | 5 |
| 5 | Tuning control requests rejected/DS\_LNCD | 6 |
| 6 | Tuning control requests rejected/US\_ALBL | 7 |
| 7 | Tuning control requests rejected/US\_VOID | 8 |
| 8 | Tuning control requests rejected/US\_TUNR | 9 |
| 9 | Tuning control requests rejected/US\_CLBR | 10 |
| 10 | Tuning control requests rejected/US\_LKTP | 11 |
| 11 | Tuning control requests rejected/US\_LNRT | 12 |
| 12 | Tuning control requests rejected/US\_LNCD | 13 |
| NOTE – This number associates the TCA with the specified threshold value attribute of the threshold data 1/2 managed entities. | | |

### TWDM channel tuning performance monitoring history data part 3

This managed entity collects remaining tuning-control-related performance monitoring data associated with the slot/circuit pack, hosting one or more ANI-G MEs, for a specific TWDM channel. Instances of this managed entity are created and deleted by the OLT.

The relevant events this ME is concerned with are counted towards the performance monitoring statistics associated with the source TWDM channel. This ME contains the counters characterized as **optional** in Clause 14/G.989.3.

For a complete discussion of generic PM architecture, refer to clause I.4.

Relationships

An instance of this managed entity is associated with an instance of TWDM channel managed entity.

Attributes

**Managed entity ID:** This attribute uniquely identifies each instance of this managed entity. Through an identical ID, this managed entity is implicitly linked to an instance of the TWDM channel ME. (R, Set‑by‑create) (mandatory) (2 bytes)

**Interval end time**:This attribute identifies the most recently finished 15-minute interval. (R) (mandatory) (1 byte)

**Threshold data****1/2 ID:** This attribute points to an instance of the threshold data1 and 2 managed entities that contains PM threshold values. (R, W, Set‑by‑create) (mandatory) (2 bytes)

**Tuning control requests Rollback/DS\_ALBL:** The counter of controlled tuning attempts that failed due to downstream administrative label inconsistency, as indicated by the Tuning\_Response PLOAM message with Rollback operation code and DS\_ALBL response code. (R) (mandatory) (4 byte)

**Tuning control requests Rollback/DS\_LKTP:** The counter of controlled tuning attempts that failed due to downstream optical link type inconsistency, as indicated by the Tuning\_Response PLOAM message with Rollback operation code and DS\_LKTP response code. (R) (mandatory) (4 byte)

**Tuning control requests Rollback/US\_ALBL:** The counter of controlled tuning attempts that failed due to upstream administrative label violation, as indicated by the Tuning\_Response PLOAM message with Rollback operation code and US\_ALBL response code. (R) (mandatory) (4 byte)

**Tuning control requests Rollback/US\_VOID:** The counter of controlled tuning attempts that failed due to the target upstream wavelength channel descriptor being void, as indicated by the Tuning\_Response PLOAM message with Rollback operation code and US\_VOID response code. (R) (mandatory) (4 byte)

**Tuning control requests Rollback/US\_TUNR:** The counter of controlled tuning attempts that failed due to the transmitter tuning range violation, as indicated by the Tuning\_Response PLOAM message with Rollback operation code and US\_TUNR response code. (R) (mandatory) (4 byte)

**Tuning control requests Rollback/US\_LKTP:** The counter of controlled tuning attempts that failed due to the upstream optical link type violation, as indicated by the Tuning\_Response PLOAM message with Rollback operation code and US\_LKTP response code. (R) (mandatory) (4 byte)

**Tuning control requests Rollback/US\_LNRT:** The counter of controlled tuning attempts that failed due to the upstream line rate violation, as indicated by the Tuning\_Response PLOAM message with Rollback operation code and US\_LNRT response code. (R) (mandatory) (4 byte)

**Tuning control requests Rollback/US\_LNCD:** The counter of controlled tuning attempts that failed due to the upstream line code violation, as indicated by the Tuning\_Response PLOAM message with Rollback operation code and US\_LNCD response code. (R) (mandatory) (4 byte)

Actions

Create, delete, get, set

Get current data

Notifications

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| Threshold crossing alert | | |
| Alarm number | Threshold crossing alert | Threshold value attribute # (Note) |
| 0 | Tuning control requests Rollback/DS\_ALBL | 1 |
| 1 | Tuning control requests Rollback /DS\_LKTP | 2 |
| 2 | Tuning control requests Rollback/US\_ALBL | 3 |
| 3 | Tuning control requests Rollback /US\_VOID | 4 |
| 4 | Tuning control requests Rollback/US\_TUNR | 5 |
| 5 | Tuning control requests Rollback /US\_LKTP | 6 |
| 6 | Tuning control requests Rollback/US\_LNRT | 7 |
| 7 | Tuning control requests Rollback /US\_LNCD | 8 |
| NOTE – This number associates the TCA with the specified threshold value attribute of the threshold data 1/2 managed entities. | | |

### TWDM channel OMCI performance monitoring history data

This managed entity collects OMCI-related performance monitoring data associated with the slot/circuit pack, hosting one or more ANI-G MEs, for a specific TWDM channel. Instances of this managed entity are created and deleted by the OLT.

The counters maintained by this ME are characterized as **optional** in Clause 14/G.989.3.

For a complete discussion of generic PM architecture, refer to clause I.4.

Relationships

An instance of this managed entity is associated with an instance of TWDM channel managed entity.

Attributes

**Managed entity ID:** This attribute uniquely identifies each instance of this managed entity. Through an identical ID, this managed entity is implicitly linked to an instance of the TWDM channel ME. (R, Set‑by‑create) (mandatory) (2 bytes)

**Interval end time**:This attribute identifies the most recently finished 15-minute interval. (R) (mandatory) (1 byte)

**Threshold data****1/2 ID:** This attribute points to an instance of the threshold data1 and 2 managed entities that contains PM threshold values. (R, W, Set‑by‑create) (mandatory) (2 bytes)

**OMCI baseline message count:** The counter of baseline format OMCI messages directed to the given ONU. (R) (mandatory) (4 byte)

**OMCI extended message count:** The counter of extended format OMCI messages directed to the given ONU. (R) (mandatory) (4 byte)

**OMCI MIC error count:** The counter of OMCI messages received with MIC errors. (R) (mandatory) (4 byte)

Actions

Create, delete, get, set

Get current data

Notifications

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| Threshold crossing alert | | |
| Alarm number | Threshold crossing alert | Threshold value attribute # (Note) |
| 0 |  | 1 |
| 1 |  | 2 |
| 2 | OMCI MIC error count | 3 |
| NOTE – This number associates the TCA with the specified threshold value attribute of the threshold data 1/2 managed entities. | | |

## OMCI SIP extensions

The managed entities specified in this section serve for SIP-based VoIP service troubleshooting purposes. This group of MEs includes:

* POTS UNI Extension ME: This ME includes SIP signaling call status information (G.988 VoIP Line status expresses POTS call in terms of the analog call status).
* VoipCallStatistics and VoipCallStatisticEx2 : This ME differentiates call drops initiated from the subscriber and its peer and contains a more complete set of status information for Voip lines.
* VoipCallStatistics3 and VoipCallStatisticEx4. This ME contains RTP packet counter information for the send and receive directions (G.988 doesn’t provide this level of specificity).

### POTS UNI Extension managed entity

This managed entity contains call status information for POTS ports using VoIP services. This ME supplements the Voip Line Status (141) ME. An ONU that supports VoIP automatically creates or deletes an instance of this managed entity upon creation or deletion of a PPTP POTS UNI.

*Relationships*

An instance of this managed entity is associated with a PPTP POTS UNI.

*Attributes*

**Managed entity ID:** This attribute uniquely identifies each instance of this managed entity. Through an identical ID, this managed entity is implicitly linked to an instance of the PPTP POTS UNI. (R) (mandatory) (2 bytes)

**Administratively controlled POTS holdover timer:** This attribute specifies the duration of time, in seconds, during which the POTS loop voltage should be held up administratively. (R,W) (mandatory) (4 bytes)

**Remaining administrative POTS holdover time:** This attribute specifies the remaining time, in seconds, during which the which POTS loop voltage is administratively held up. It is initialized to the Administratively controlled POTS holdover timer value at the moment of time the latter is written, and counts down to zero. (R) (mandatory) (4 bytes)

*Actions*

Get

*Notifications*

None

### VoIP call diagnostics part 1

This managed entity provides status information about a Voice Line. It is one of a group of 4 MEs that provide the complete set of status information for Voice Lines. An ONU that supports IP-configured VoIP automatically creates or deletes an instance of this managed entity upon creation or deletion of a PPTP POTS UNI.

*Relationships*

An instance of this managed entity is associated with a PPTP POTS UNI.

*Attributes*

**Managed entity ID:** This attribute uniquely identifies each instance of this managed entity. Through an identical ID, this managed entity is implicitly linked to an instance of the POTS PPTP UNI. (R) (mandatory) (2 bytes)

**SIP Reg Attempts count**: This attribute counts the number of SIP Register message requests. (R) (mandatory) (4 bytes)

**SIP Reg Challenges count**: This attribute counts the number of SIP Registration challenge message received. (R) (mandatory) (4 bytes)

**SIP Reg Rejects count**: This attribute counts the number of SIP Registration Rejection/denies. (R) (mandatory) (4 bytes)

**SIP Reg Grants count**: This attribute counts the number of SIP Registration granted OK. (R) (mandatory) (4 bytes)

**SIP Inbound Call Attempts count:** This attribute counts the number of SIP Outbound Call Attempts. (R) (mandatory) (4 bytes)

**SIP Inbound Call Completion count**: This attribute counts the number of SIP Inbound Call Completions. (R) (mandatory) (4 bytes)

**SIP Inbound Call Busy count**: This attribute counts the number of SIP Inbound Calls blocked due to busy (nework and peer). (R) (mandatory) (4 bytes)

**SIP Inbound Call Peer Disconnects count**: This attribute counts the number of SIP Inbound calls disconnected (initiated by peer). (R) (mandatory) (4 bytes)

**SIP Inbound Call ONT Disconnects count**: This attribute counts the number of SIP Inbound calls disconnected (initiated by subscriber). (R) (mandatory) (4 bytes)

**SIP Outbound Call Attempts count**: This attribute counts the number of SIP Outbound Call Attempts. (R) (mandatory) (4 bytes)

**SIP Outbound Call Completions count**: This attribute counts the number of SIP Outbound Call Completions. (R) (mandatory) (4 bytes)

**SIP Outbound Call Busy count**: This attribute counts the number of SIP Outbound Call blocked by Busy (network and peer). (R) (mandatory) (4 bytes)

*Actions*

Get

*Notifications*

None

### VoIP call diagnostics part 2

This managed entity provides status information about a Voice Line. It is one of a group of 4 MEs that provide the complete set of status information for Voice Lines. An ONU that supports VoIP automatically creates or deletes an instance of this managed entity upon creation or deletion of a PPTP POTS UNI.

*Relationships*

An instance of this managed entity is associated with a PPTP POTS UNI.

*Attributes*

**Managed entity ID:** This attribute uniquely identifies each instance of this managed entity. Through an identical ID, this managed entity is implicitly linked to an instance of the POTS PPTP UNI. (R) (mandatory) (2 bytes)

**SIP Outbound Call Peer Disconnects count**: This attribute counts the number of SIP Outbound Disconnects by the far-end peer (R) (mandatory) (4 bytes)

**SIP Outbound Call ONT Disconnects count**: This attribute counts the number of SIP Outbound Call Disconnect initiated by subscriber. (R) (mandatory) (4 bytes)

**SIP Emergency call attempt count**: This attribute counts the number of emergency calls initiated by subscriber. (R) (mandatory) (4 bytes)

**SIP Emergency call completion count**: This attribute counts the number of emergency calls completed. (R) (mandatory) (4 bytes)

**SIP Emergency call busy count**: This attribute counts the number of emergency calls blocked due to busy (network and peer). (R) (mandatory) (4 bytes)

**SIP Emergency call disconnect by peer count**: This attribute counts the number of emergency calls disconnected (initiated by peer). (R) (mandatory) (4 bytes)

**SIP Emergency call on hook count**: This attribute counts the number of emergency calls on hook event which have occurred. (R) (mandatory) (4 bytes)

**VMWI Notification – Msg waiting count**: This attribute counts the number of SIP Notify received with message-waiting “yes” events (R) (mandatory) (4 bytes)

**VMWI Notification – No Msg waiting count**: This attribute counts the number of SIP Notify received with message-waiting “no” events (R) (mandatory) (4 bytes)

**RTP packets sent count**: This attribute counts the number of RTP packets sent. (R) (mandatory) (4 bytes)

**RTP packets received count**: This attribute counts the number of RTP packets received. (R) (mandatory) (4 bytes)

**RTP Packet Size**: This attribute displays the last received RTP packet size (R) (mandatory) (4 bytes)

**Active Call Counter count**: Total cumulative usage of the line. This counter is incremented every 100 seconds a call is active (R) (mandatory) (4 bytes)

*Actions*

Get

*Notifications*

None

### VoIP call diagnostics part 3

This managed entity provides status information about a Voice Line. It is one of a group of 4 MEs that provide the complete set of status information for Voice Lines. An ONU that supports VoIP automatically creates or deletes an instance of this managed entity upon creation or deletion of a PPTP POTS UNI.

*Relationships*

An instance of this managed entity is associated with a PPTP POTS UNI.

*Attributes*

**Managed entity ID:** This attribute uniquely identifies each instance of this managed entity. Through an identical ID, this managed entity is implicitly linked to an instance of the POTS PPTP UNI. (R) (mandatory) (2 bytes)

**IP Line Status**: This attribute indicates, using a bit map, the current IP status of the voip port. The invidual bit values are:

0x0001 indicates that the line is administratively turned on. The LSB value of zero implies that the attribute value is 0x00.

0x0002 indicates that the line has RTP transmit enabled.

0x0004 indicates that the line has RTP receive enabled.

0x0008 indicates that the line has been put on hold.

0x0010 indicates that the line is in 3way conference call.

0x0020 indicates that the call is waiting on the line."

(R) (mandatory) (2 bytes)

**Clear Call counters**: Writing a 1 to this attribute will reset the call counters in all three VoIP call diagnostics MEs. (R, W) (mandatory) (1 byte)

*Actions*

Get, Set

*Notifications*

None

## Additional performance monitoring MEs

### IP host performance monitoring history data part 2

This managed entity collects additional performance monitoring data related to an IP host, related in particular to the DHCP server access errors. Instances of this managed entity are created and deleted by the OLT.

Relationships

An instance of this managed entity is associated with an instance of the IP host config data or IPv6 host config data managed entity.

Attributes

**Managed entity ID:** This attribute uniquely identifies each instance of this managed entity. Through an identical ID, this managed entity is implicitly linked to an instance of the IP host configuration data or IPv6 host configuration data ME, as well as to the corresponding IP host PMHD ME (135). (R, Set-by-create) (mandatory) (2 bytes)

**Interval end time**: This attribute identifies the most recently finished 15-minute interval. (R) (mandatory) (1 byte)

**Threshold data****1/2 ID:** This attribute points to an instance of the threshold data1 managed entity that contains PM threshold values. Since no threshold value attribute number exceeds 7, a threshold data 2 ME is optional. (R, W, Set-by-create) (mandatory) (2 bytes)

**DHCP Attempts count**: This attribute counts the number of DHCP discover request. (R) (mandatory) (4 bytes)

**DHCP Acks received count**: This attribute counts the number of successful DHCP attempt (number of times the ONT DHCP client obtained a lease). (R) (mandatory) (4 bytes)

**DHCP Nacks count**: This attribute counts the number of Negative acknowledgements (NACKS) received for requests. Number of times the ONT’s DHCP Client was denied a lease. (R) (mandatory) (4 bytes)

**DHCP response error count**:This attribute is incremented whenever the ONU receives a malformed/badly formatted response from the DHCP server. (R) (mandatory) (2 bytes)

**DHCP response incomplete count**:This attribute is incremented whenever the DHCP server response does not contain all the parameters required to successfully set up the IP configuration. (R) (mandatory) (2 bytes)

Actions

Create, delete, get, set

Get current data

Notifications

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| Threshold crossing alert | | |
| Alarm number | Threshold crossing alert | Threshold value attribute # (Note) |
| 0 | DHCP response error | 1 |
| 1 | DHCP response incomplete | 2 |
| NOTE – This number associates the TCA with the specified threshold value attribute of the threshold data 1 managed entity. | | |

### ONU operational performance monitoring history data

This managed entity collects performance monitoring data associated with the ONU Instances of this managed entity are created and deleted by the OLT.

For a complete discussion of generic PM architecture, refer to clause I.4

Relationships

This managed entity is associated with the ONU-G managed entity.

Attributes

**Managed entity ID:** This attribute uniquely identifies each instance of this managed entity. There is only one instance, number 0. (R) (mandatory) (2 bytes)

**Interval end time**:This attribute identifies the most recently finished 15-minute interval. (R) (mandatory) (1 byte)

**Threshold data****1/2 ID:** This attribute points to an instance of the threshold data1 managed entity that contains PM threshold values. Since no threshold value attribute number exceeds 7, a threshold data 2 ME is optional. (R, W, Set‑by‑create) (mandatory) (2 bytes)

**Temperature sensor value:** A table of one-byte temperature sensor values, each being represented by a 2s complement integer that specifies the temperature of temperature sensor on the ONU. Valid values are –40 to +127 °C in 1 °C increments. The special values: 0x80 indicates that the temperature sensor is not availabe; 0x81, the sensor has malfunctioned. (R) (mandatory) (N byte)

**Temperature sensor description:** A table of 25-byte long temperature sensor descriptions, each represented by a character string that includes the physical location on the ONU or the component being measured. Strings shorter than 25 bytes are padded with null characters. (R) (mandatory) (25N bytes).

**CPU Percent Utilization:** Average CPU utilization (percent). This attribute is an integer from 0 to 100. The value of 0xFF indicates that no reliable measurement is available. (R) (mandatory) (1 byte)

**RAM Available Amount:** Available RAM size in Megabytes. This attribute is an integer from 1 to 2^32 – 2. The value of 0x0 indicates no RAM is available. The value of 0xFFFFFFFF indicates that RAM size report is not reliable. (R) (mandatory) (4 bytes)

**RAM Utilization:** Average RAM utilization. This attribute is an integer from 0 to 2^32 – 2. The value of 0xFFFFFFFF indicates that no reliable measurement is available. (R) (mandatory) (4 byte)

**FLASH Available Amount:** Available FLASH size in Megabytes. This attribute is an integer from 1 to 2^32 – 2. The value of 0x0 indicates no FLASH is available. The value of 0xFFFFFFFF indicates that FLASH size report is not reliable. (R) (mandatory) (4 bytes)

**FLASH Utilization:** Average FLASH utilization. This attribute is an integer from 0 to 2^32 – 2. The value of 0xFFFFFFFF indicates that no reliable measurement is available. (R) (mandatory) (4 byte)

**Software Errors:** A count of the number of software errorsdetected. A software error is an error, flaw, failure or fault in a computer program that causes it to produce an incorrect or unexpected result, or to behave in unintended ways. Examples include internal logical inconsistencies, divide by zero, referencing to non-existant memory, writing to read-only-memory and “exceptions” in certain programming languages (such as C++ and Java) (R) (mandatory) (4 byte)

**Errors in operations:** A count of the number of detected errors in operations, not due to a software error. Examples include reading MEs that have not do not exist, provisioning services on entities that do not exist, deleting entities that do not exist. (R) (mandatory) (4 byte)

Actions

**Create, Delete,** **Get, Get-next, set**

Notifications

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| Threshold crossing alerts | | |
| Alarm Number | Attribute value change | Threshold value attribute # |
| 0 | CPU Utilization | 1 |
| 1 | RAM Utilization | 2 |
| 2 | FLASH Utilization | 3 |
| 3 | Software Errors | 4 |
| 4 | Errors in operations | 5 |

# Annex A: Detailed Verizon OpenOMCI MIB description

Embedded in this Annex is an Excel spreadsheet with details adaptation of the G.988 standard MEs, attributes, and notification to Verizon OpenOMCI specification.



# Annex B: Verizon OpenOMCI ME list.

The table below contain the summary of the Verizon OpenOMCI supported managed entities.

Table B1 – Verizon OpenOMCI managed entities

The standard G.988 MEs marked with an asterisk are subject to modification under Verizon OpenOMCI specification.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| G.988 Clause | ME Class | Managed entity | Verizon Open OMCI |
| 9.1.1 | 256 | ONU-G | M |
| 9.1.2 | 257 | ONU2-G | M |
| 9.1.3 | 2 | ONU Data | M |
| 9.1.4 | 7 | Software Image | M |
| 9.1.5 | 5 | Cardholder | M |
| 9.1.6 | 6 | Circuit Pack | M |
| 9.1.7 | 133 | ONU Power Shedding | M |
| 9.1.8 | 297 | Port Mapping | M |
| 9.1.9 | 160 | Equipment Extension Package | No |
| 9.1.10 | 279 | Protection Data | M |
| 9.1.11 | 159 | Equipment Protection Profile | M |
| 9.1.12 | 158 | ONU Remote Debug | M |
| 9.1.13 | 331 | ONU-E | No |
| 9.1.14 | 336 | ONU Dynamic Power Management | M |
| 9.2.1 | 263 | ANI-G | M |
| 9.2.2 | 262 | T-CONT | M |
| 9.2.3 | 268 | GEM port network CTP | M |
| 9.2.4 | 266 | GEM interworking termination point | M |
| 9.2.5 | 281 | Multicast GEM Interworking Termination Point | M |
| 9.2.7 | 272 | GAL Ethernet Profile | M |
| 9.2.8 | 276 | GAL Ethernet performance monitoring history data | M |
| 9.2.9 | 312 | FEC performance monitoring history data | M |
| 9.2.10 | 277 | Priority Queue | M |
| 9.2.11 | 278 | Traffic Scheduler | M |
| 9.2.12 | 280 | Traffic Descriptor | M |
| 9.2.13 | 341 | GEM port network CTP performance monitoring history data | M |
| 9.2.14 | 343 | Energy consumption performance monitoring history data | M |
| 9.2.15 | 344 | XG-PON TC performance monitoring history data | No |
| 9.2.16 | 345 | XG-PON downstream management PM history data | No |
| 9.2.17 | 346 | XG-PON upstream management PM history data | No |
| 9.2.18 | 404 | L2 multicast GEM interworking termination point | No |
| 9.2.19 | 405 | ANI-E | No |
| 9.2.20 | 406 | EPON downstream performance monitoring configuration | No |
| 9.3.1 | 45 | MAC bridge service profile | M |
| 9.3.2 | 46 | MAC bridge configuration data | M |
| 9.3.3 | 51 | MAC bridge performance monitoring history data | M |
| 9.3.4 | 47 | MAC bridge port configuration data | M |
| 9.3.5 | 48 | MAC bridge port designation data | No |
| 9.3.6 | 49 | MAC bridge port filter table data | M |
| 9.3.7 | 79 | MAC bridge port filter pre-assign table | M |
| 9.3.8 | 50 | MAC bridge port bridge table data | M |
| 9.3.9 | 52 | MAC bridge port performance monitoring history data | M |
| 9.3.10 | 130 | IEEE 802.1p mapper service profile | M |
| 9.3.11 | 84 | VLAN tagging filter data | M |
| 9.3.12 | 78 | VLAN tagging operation configuration data | No |
| 9.3.13 | 171 | Extended VLAN tagging operation configuration data | M |
| 9.3.14 | 290 | Dot1X port extension package | No |
| 9.3.15 | 291 | Dot1X configuration profile | No |
| 9.3.16 | 292 | Dot1X performance monitoring history data | No |
| 9.3.17 | 293 | Radius performance monitoring history data | No |
| 9.3.18 | 298 | Dot1 rate limiter | M |
| 9.3.19 | 299 | Dot1ag maintenance domain | M |
| 9.3.20 | 300 | Dot1ag maintenance association | M |
| 9.3.21 | 301 | Dot1ag default MD level | M |
| 9.3.22 | 302 | Dot1ag MEP | M |
| 9.3.23 | 303 | Dot1ag MEP Status | M |
| 9.3.24 | 304 | Dot1ag MEP CCM database | M |
| 9.3.25 | 305 | Dot1ag CFM stack | M |
| 9.3.26 | 306 | Dot1ag chassis-management info | M |
| 9.3.27 | 309 | Multicast operations profile | M |
| 9.3.28 | 301 | Multicast subscriber config info | M |
| 9.3.29 | 311 | Multicast subscriber monitor | M |
| 9.3.30 | 322 | Ethernet frame PM history data upstream | No |
| 9.3.31 | 321 | Ethernet frame PM history data downstream | No |
| 9.3.32 | 334 | Ethernet frame extended PM | No |
| 9.3.33 | 348 | MAC bridge port ICMPv6 process pre-assign table | M |
| 9.3.34 | 425 | Ethernet frame extended PM 64-Bit | M |
| 9.4.1 | 134 | IP host config data | M |
| 9.4.2 | 135 | \*IP host performance monitoring history data | M |
| 9.4.3 | 136 | TCP/UDP config data | M |
| 9.4.4 | 342 | TCP/UDP performance monitoring history data | M |
| 9.4.5 | 347 | IPv6 host config data | M |
| 9.5.1 | 11 | Physical path termination point Ethernet UNI | M |
| 9.5.2 | 24 | Ethernet performance monitoring history data | M |
| 9.5.3 | 89 | Ethernet performance monitoring history data 2 | No |
| 9.5.4 | 296 | Ethernet performance monitoring history data 3 | No |
| 9.5.5 | 329 | Virtual Ethernet interface point | M |
| 9.5.6 | 349 | PoE control | No |
| 9.7.1 | 98 | Physical path termination point xDSL UNI part 1 | No |
| 9.7.2 | 99 | Physical path termination point xDSL UNI part 2 | No |
| 9.7.3 | 104 | xDSL line configuration profile part 1 | No |
| 9.7.4 | 105 | xDSL line configuration profile part 2 | No |
| 9.7.5 | 106 | xDSL line configuration profile part 3 | No |
| 9.7.6 | 165 | VDSL2 line configuration extensions | No |
| 9.7.7 | 107 | xDSL channel configuration profile | No |
| 9.7.8 | 108 | xDSL subcarrier masking downstream profile | No |
| 9.7.9 | 109 | xDSL subcarrier masking upstream profile | No |
| 9.7.10 | 110 | xDSL PSD mask profile | No |
| 9.7.11 | 111 | xDSL downstream RFI bands profile | No |
| 9.7.12 | 100 | xDSL line inventory and status data part 1 | No |
| 9.7.13 | 101 | xDSL line inventory and status data part 2 | No |
| 9.7.14 | 166 | xDSL line inventory and status data part 3 | No |
| 9.7.15 | 167 | xDSL line inventory and status data part 4 | No |
| 9.7.16 | 168 | VDSL2 line inventory and status data part 1 | No |
| 9.7.17 | 169 | VDSL2 line inventory and status data part 2 | No |
| 9.7.18 | 170 | VDSL2 line inventory and status data part 3 | No |
| 9.7.19 | 102 | xDSL channel downstream status data | No |
| 9.7.20 | 103 | xDSL channel upstream status data | No |
| 9.7.21 | 112 | xDSL xTU-C performance monitoring history data | No |
| 9.7.22 | 113 | xDSL xTU-R performance monitoring history data | No |
| 9.7.23 | 114 | xDSL xTU-C channel performance monitoring history data | No |
| 9.7.24 | 115 | xDSL xTU-R channel performance monitoring history data | No |
| 9.7.25 | 116 | TC adaptor performance monitoring history data xDSL | No |
| 9.7.26 | 323 | VDSL2 line configuration extensions 2 | No |
| 9.7.27 | 324 | xDSL impulse noise monitor PM history data | No |
| 9.7.28 | 325 | xDSL line inventory and status data part 5 | No |
| 9.7.29 | 326 | xDSL line inventory and status data part 6 | No |
| 9.7.30 | 327 | xDSL line inventory and status data part 7 | No |
| 9.7.31 | 408 | xDSL xTU-C performance monitoring history data part 2 | No |
| 9.7.32 | 409 | PTM performance monitoring history data xDSL | No |
| 9.7.33 | 410 | VDSL2 line configuration extensions 3 | No |
| 9.7.34 | 411 | Vectoring line configuration extensions | No |
| 9.7.35 | 412 | xDSL channel configuration profile part 2 | No |
| 9.7.36 | 413 | xTU data gathering configuration | No |
| 9.7.37 | 414 | xDSL line inventory and status data part 8 | No |
| 9.7.38 | 415 | VDSL2 line inventory and status data part 4 | No |
| 9.7.39 | 416 | Vectoring line inventory and status data | No |
| 9.7.40 | 417 | Data gathering line test, diagnostic and status | No |
| 9.7.41 | 418 | EFM bonding group | No |
| 9.7.42 | 419 | EFM bonding link | No |
| 9.7.43 | 420 | EFM bonding group PM history data | No |
| 9.7.44 | 421 | EFM bonding group PM history data part 2 | No |
| 9.7.45 | 422 | EFM bonding link PM history data | No |
| 9.7.46 | 423 | EFM bonding port PM history data | No |
| 9.7.47 | 424 | EFM bonding port PM history data part 2 | No |
| 9.7.48 | 427 | Physical path termination point xDSL UNI part 3 | No |
| 9.7.49 | 428 | FAST line configuration profile part 1 | No |
| 9.7.50 | 429 | FAST line configuration profile part 2 | No |
| 9.7.51 | 430 | FAST line configuration profile part 3 | No |
| 9.7.52 | 431 | FAST line configuration profile part 4 | No |
| 9.7.53 | 432 | FAST channel configuration profile | No |
| 9.7.54 | 433 | FAST data path configuration profile | No |
| 9.7.55 | 434 | FAST vectoring line configuration extensions | No |
| 9.7.56 | 435 | FAST line inventory and status data | No |
| 9.7.57 | 436 | FAST line inventory and status data part 2 | No |
| 9.7.58 | 437 | FAST xTU-C performance monitoring history data | No |
| 9.7.59 | 438 | FAST xTU-R performance monitoring history data | No |
| 9.8.1 | 12 | Physical path termination point CES UNI | No |
| 9.8.2 | 13 | Logical N × 64 kbit/s sub-port connection termination point | No |
| 9.8.3 | 21 | CES service profile | No |
| 9.8.4 | 23 | CES physical interface performance monitoring history data | No |
| 9.8.5 | 282 | Pseudowire termination point | No |
| 9.8.6 | 283 | RTP pseudowire parameters | No |
| 9.8.7 | 284 | Pseudowire maintenance profile | No |
| 9.8.8 | 285 | Pseudowire performance monitoring history data | No |
| 9.8.9 | 286 | Ethernet flow termination point | No |
| 9.8.12 | 319 | CES physical interface performance monitoring history data 2 | No |
| 9.8.13 | 320 | CES physical interface performance monitoring history data 3 | No |
| 9.8.14 | 333 | MPLS pseudowire termination point | No |
| 9.8.15 | 337 | PW ATM configuration data | No |
| 9.8.16 | 338 | PW ATM performance monitoring history data | No |
| 9.8.17 | 339 | PW Ethernet configuration data | No |
| 9.8.18 | 400 | Ethernet pseudowire parameters | No |
| 9.9.1 | 53 | Physical path termination point POTS UNI | M |
| 9.9.2 | 153 | SIP User Data | No |
| 9.9.3 | 150 | SIP Agent Config Data | No |
| 9.9.4 | 139 | VoIP voice CTP | No |
| 9.9.5 | 142 | VoIP media profile | No |
| 9.9.6 | 58 | Voice service profile | No |
| 9.9.7 | 143 | RTP profile data | No |
| 9.9.8 | 146 | VoIP application service profile | No |
| 9.9.9 | 147 | VoIP feature access codes | No |
| 9.9.10 | 145 | Network Dial Plan | No |
| 9.9.11 | 141 | Voip Line Status | M |
| 9.9.12 | 140 | Call control performance monitoring history data | M |
| 9.9.13 | 144 | RTP performance monitoring history data | M |
| 9.9.14 | 151 | SIP agent performance monitoring history data | M |
| 9.9.15 | 152 | SIP call initiation performance monitoring history data | M |
| 9.9.16 | 155 | MGC config data | M |
| 9.9.17 | 156 | MGC performance monitoring history data | M |
| 9.9.18 | 138 | \*Voip Config Data | M |
| 9.9.19 | 149 | SIP config portal | M |
| 9.9.20 | 154 | MGC config portal | M |
| 9.9.21 | 407 | SIP agent config data 2 | No |
| 9.10.1 | 162 | Physical path termination point MoCA UNI | No |
| 9.10.2 | 163 | MoCA Ethernet performance monitoring history data | No |
| 9.10.3 | 164 | MoCA interface performance monitoring history data | No |
| 9.12.1 | 264 | UNI-G | M |
| 9.12.2 | 131 | OLT-G | M |
| 9.12.3 | 137 | Network Address | M |
| 9.12.4 | 148 | Authentication security method | M |
| 9.12.5 | 157 | Large string | M |
| 9.12.6 | 273 | Threshold data 1 | M |
| 9.12.7 | 274 | Threshold data 2 | M |
| 9.12.8 | 287 | OMCI | No |
| 9.12.9 | 288 | Managed entity | No |
| 9.12.10 | 289 | Attribute | No |
| 9.12.11 | 307 | Octet string | M |
| 9.12.12 | 308 | General purpose buffer | M |
| 9.12.13 | 318 | File transfer controller | No |
| 9.12.14 | 330 | Generic status portal | M |
| 9.12.15 | 335 | SNMP configuration data | No |
| 9.12.16 | 340 | BBF TR-069 management server | M |
| 9.12.17 | 426 | Threshold data 64-bit | M |
| 9.12.18 | 439 | OpenFlow config data | No |
| 9.13.1 | 82 | Physical path termination point video UNI | No |
| 9.13.2 | 90 | Physical path termination point video ANI | No |
| 9.13.3 | 83 | Physical path termination point LCT UNI | No |
| 9.13.4 | 14 | Interworking VCC termination point | No |
| 9.13.5 | 16 | AAL5 profile | No |
| 9.13.6 | 18 | AAL5 performance monitoring history data | No |
| 9.13.9 | 269 | VP network CTP | No |
| 9.13.10 | 62 | VP performance monitoring history data | No |
| 9.13.11 | 332 | Enhanced security control | M |
| 9.14.1 | 313 | RE ANI-G | No |
| 9.14.2 | 314 | Physical path termination point RE UNI | No |
| 9.14.3 | 315 | RE upstream amplifier | No |
| 9.14.4 | 316 | RE downstream amplifier | No |
| 9.14.5 | 317 | RE config portal | No |
| 9.14.6 | 328 | RE common amplifier parameters | No |
| 9.15.1 | 401 | Physical path termination point RS232/RS485 UNI | No |
| 9.15.2 | 402 | RS232/RS485 Port Operation Configuration data | No |
| 9.15.3 | 403 | RS232/RS485 performance monitoring history data | No |
| V7.1.1 | 65400 | Verizon OpenOMCI | M |
| V7.1.2 | 65401 | TWDM system profile | M |
| V7.1.3 | 65402 | TWDM channel | M |
| V7.1.4 | 65403 | Watchdog config data | M |
| V7.1.5 | 65404 | Watchdog PM history data | M |
| V7.1.6 | 65420 | Flexible Configuration Status Portal | M |
| V7.1.7 | 65421 | Flexible Configuration Status Portal PM history data | M |
| V7.1.8 | 65422 | ONU3-G | M |
| V7.2.1 | 65405 | SIP UNI Application server alarm status | M |
| V7.3.1 | 65406 | TWDM channel PHY/LODS PM history data | M |
| V7.3.3 | 65407 | TWDM channel XGEM PM history data | M |
| V7.3.4 | 65408 | TWDM channel PLOAM PM history data part 1 | M |
| V7.3.5 | 65409 | TWDM channel PLOAM PM history data part 2 | M |
| V7.3.6 | 65410 | TWDM channel PLOAM PM history data part 3 | M |
| V7.3.7 | 65411 | TWDM channel tuning PM history data part 1 | M |
| V7.3.8 | 65412 | TWDM channel tuning PM history data part 2 | M |
| V7.3.9 | 65413 | TWDM channel tuning PM history data part 3 | M |
| V7.3.10 | 65414 | TWDM channel OMCI PM history data | M |
| V7.4.1 | 65415 | POTS UNI extension | M |
| V7.4.2 | 65416 | VoIP call diagnostics part 1 | M |
| V7.4.3 | 67417 | VoIP call diagnostics part 2 | M |
| V7.4.4 | 65418 | VoIP call diagnostics part 3 | M |
| V7.5.1 | 65423 | IP host performance monitoring history data part 2 | M |
| V7.5.2 | 65424 | ONU operational performance monitoring history data | M |

# Annex C: Flexible Configuration Status Portal

This annex provides an overview of the intended use and applications of the Flexible Configuration and Status Portal (FCSP).

**C.1 Overview**

The goal of the FCSP is to reduce changes in the Verizon Open OMCI specification as new features are added. Towards this goal, the FCSP uses OMCI as a transport mechanism and defers service specific configuration to the services providing or consuming the services. Verizon’s use of FCSP is not to replace or deprecate the user of any G.988 MEs defining a service.

FCSP is intended to support a wide range of services that fall under two categories.

The first category is a service on the ONU that has an IP counterpart, either in a master/slave releationship or a peer to peer relationship. Examples include file transfer via FTP, time synchronization via SNTP, or configuration using SNMP or NETCONF. This category is implemented by FCSP attributes that define IP communications with a peer IP entity.

The second category are other services that are not well served by the IP peer model. Examples include Link-OAM, Link Aggregation or configuration of physical interfaces. These are served by G.988 transparent (undefined) portals.

**C.1.1 Comparison to G.988 status portals**

G.988 defines several MEs that serve a -portal function (MGC config portal, SIP config portal, generic config portal). These portals represent the configuration of a service that is configured by a protocol outside of the OLT/ONU management path, such as file-based SIP or MGC.. In these cases, the respective config portals reflect the configuration as a result of an external protocol.

In FCSP, configuration portal configures the service via OMCI, and the status reports the status of the service.

**C.1.2 IP-based vs portal based services**

Typically a service will use either the IP-related attributes or the portal-related attributes.

**C.1.3 FCSP as a meta ME**

FSCP ME on its own does not define any specific functionality. Each instance of the FCSP can define a unique service, or an additional instance of an already defined service. For example, once instance of the FCSP can be used for file transfer, another instance used for link aggregation and two instances used for Link OAM on two uni ports.

The use/no use of the remaining attributes in the FCSP ME is based on the service type. When a new service type is defined, the definition must also identify which attributes are used.

**C.2 Description of attributes**

This section describes the use of each attribute; this informative text supplements the text in the body of the Verizon Open Specification.

**Managed Entity ID**: typical use as per other G.988 MEs

**Service Instance**: The service instance attribute defines the specific service supported by this instance of the FCSP. The service instance ID is made up of three parts. The first two bytes contains the Service Type ID, which specifies the service by this instance of FCSP.

Many services are expected to be IP based, and can be carried by either UDP, TCP or SCTP protocol. The 3rd byte, if necessary, defines the IP protocol type.

There may be cases where more than one instance of a service will be instantiated on an ONU. If so, the 4th byte identifies the instance of the service

The third byte identifies the IP protocol to be used to carry the service. 0 = UDP; 1 = TCP; 2 = SCTP; 0xFF means not used (for message based configuration).

The fourth byte identifies the instance of the Service Type ID on the associated ME-class and ME instances. Typically only one instances of a service will be instantiated on a given entity.

**Confuguration Method:** to support applications that might have configuration and status use different management paths, this ME allows independent definition of how the configuration is managed (IP or portal) and how the status is managed (IP or portal)

**Network Address:** is used by IP-based services. This ME contains the network address for the server as well as authentication credential information.

**Administrative State:** The writing of this attribute controls the running/stopping of the service via OMCI.

**Operational State:** This attribute is read to report the status of the service via OMCI.

**Cause for last abnormal halt:** This supplements the operational state to reflect the cause for the most recent abnormal halt of the service. Exact codepoints are service specific.

**Configuration Portal Update Available, Configuration Portal Table, Configuration Portal Result, Status Message Available, Status Message, Status Message Result:** These attributes are used for non-IP (message) based configuration and status. Configuration Portal Table and Status Message are the actual information bytes exchanged; the other attributes are flags used to support handshaking between the service and ONU in exchanging data using the bulk data attributes. The usage of the flag attributes is shown below.

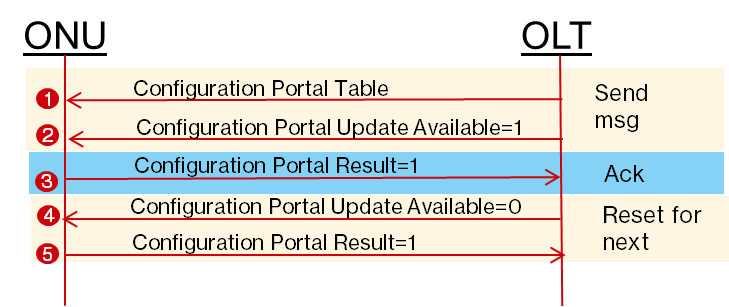


Figure 11 - Sequence Diagram for Using Configuration Portal

An alternate view of the use of the attributes is shown below. Note that the numbers referring to each line in the message sequence (1-5) refer to the events below numbered 1-5.

**Format of Configuration Portal/Status Message:** The format of the configuration portal/status message attributes (xml, binary, etc) is specific to the service type.

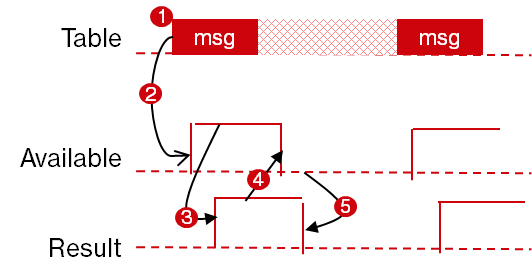


Figure 12 – Transition Diagram for Using Configuration Portal

The figure below shows the message sequence diagram for the use of the status message.

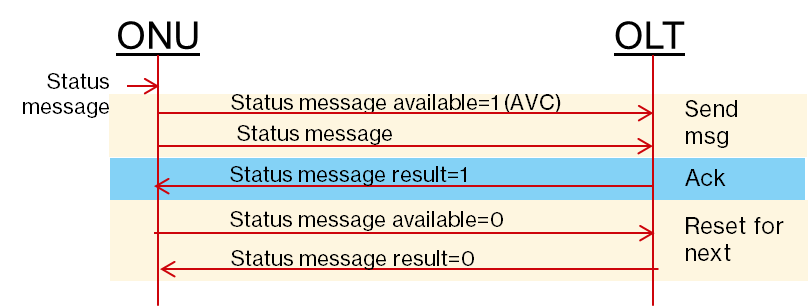


Figure 13 – Message Diagram for Using Status Message

An alternate view of the use of the attributes is shown below. Note that the numbers referring to each line in the message sequence (1-5) refer to the events below numbered 1-5.

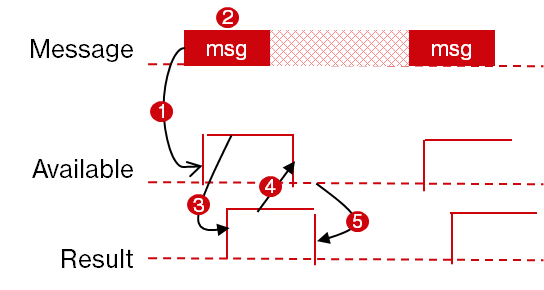


Figure 14 – Transition Diagram for Using Status Message

**Associated ME Class, Associated ME Class Instance:** These attributes link this instance of the FCSP to a particular instance of a specific ME class; typical examples include virtual ethernet interface point (veip), cardholder, etc.

**AVCs:** AVCs are defined for the operational status attribute, and for the two attributes used in the message-based management model to handshake with the OLT.

**Alarms:** alarms are used to convey, via OMCI, events and conditions related to FCSP.

**Flexible Configuration Status Portal PM:** The PMs section reports the uptime of the system and communication counters.

C.3 Table of expected use of attributes based on management protocol.

This table lists typical use of Flexible Configuration and Status Portal attributes, AVCs and alarms, and Flexible Configuration Status Portal PM attributes for each of the two management protocols (ip-based and message based).

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Attribute** | **IP-based** | **Message Based** | **Notes** |
| FCSP Attributes |  |  |  |
| Managed entity ID | Y | Y |  |
| Service Instance | Y | Y |  |
| Configuration Method | Y | Y |  |
| Network Address | Y | N |  |
| Administrative State | Y | Y |  |
| Operational State: | Y | Y |  |
| Cause for last abnormal halt | Y | Y |  |
| Configuration Portal Update Available | N | Y |  |
| Configuration Portal Table | N | Y |  |
| Configuration Portal Result | N | Y |  |
| Status Message Available | N | Y |  |
| Status Message | N | Y |  |
| Status Message Result | N | Y |  |
| Associated ME Class | Y | Y |  |
| Associated ME Class Instance | Y | Y |  |
| FCSP AVCs |  |  |  |
| Operational Status | Y | Y |  |
| Configuration Portal Result | N | Y |  |
| Status Message Available | N | Y |  |
| FCSP Alarms |  |  |  |
| Receive Configuration Timeout | Y | Y |  |
| Status Acknowledgement timeout | Y | Y |  |
| Service requires attention – medium | Y | Y |  |
| Service requires attention - high | Y | Y |  |
|  |  |  |  |
| Flexible Configuration Status Portal PM Attributes |  |  |  |
| Managed entity ID | Y | Y |  |
| Service Up Time | Y | Y |  |
| Number of Configuration Octets Received | Y | Y |  |
| Number of Configuration Messages Received | Y | Y |  |
| Number of Status Octets Transmitted | Y | Y |  |
| Number of Status Messages Transmitted | Y | Y |  |